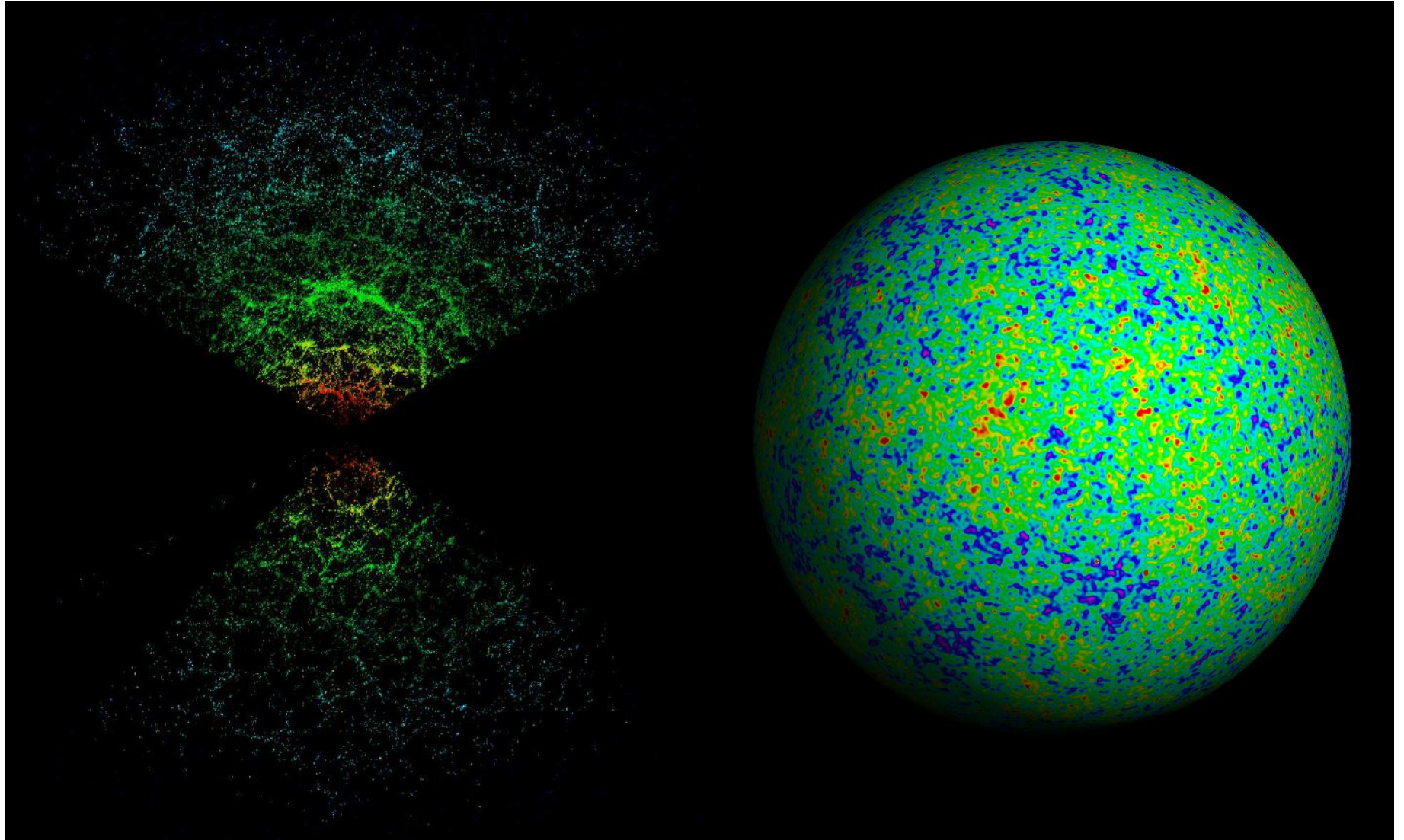
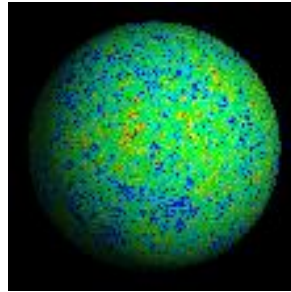


The beginning and end of our universe

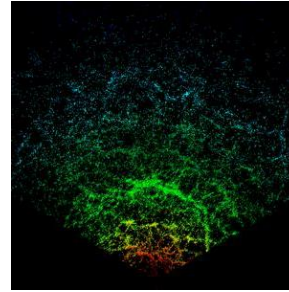


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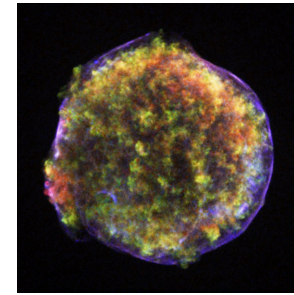
ga



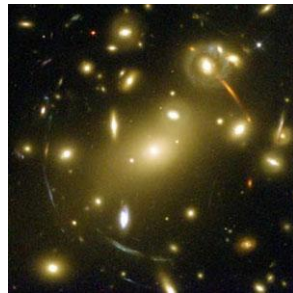
Microwave background



Galaxy surveys

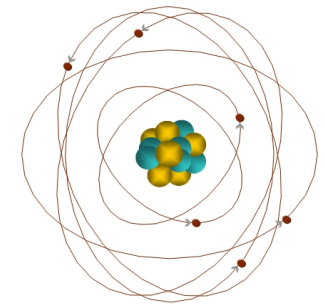


Supernovae Ia

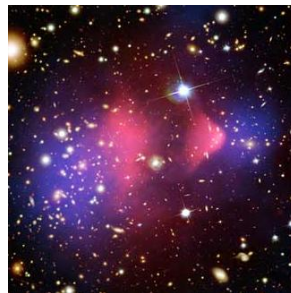


Gravitational lensing

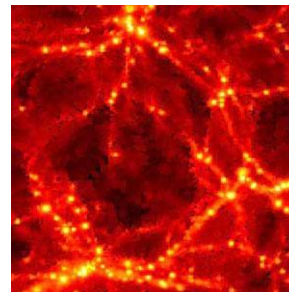
THE COSMIC SMÖRGÅSBORD



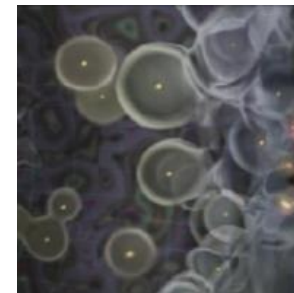
Big Bang nucleosynthesis



Galaxy clusters



Lyman α forest



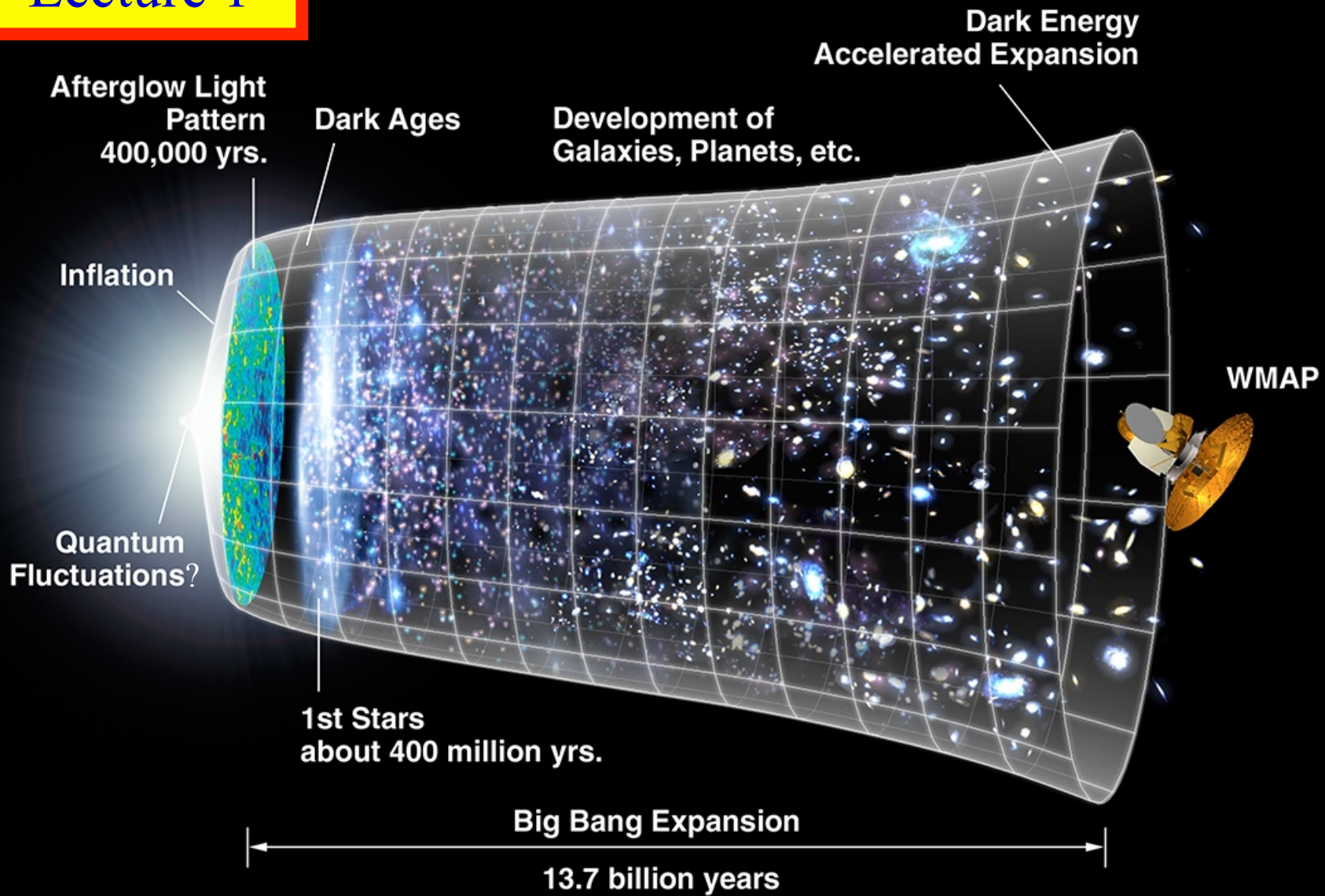
Neutral hydrogen tomography



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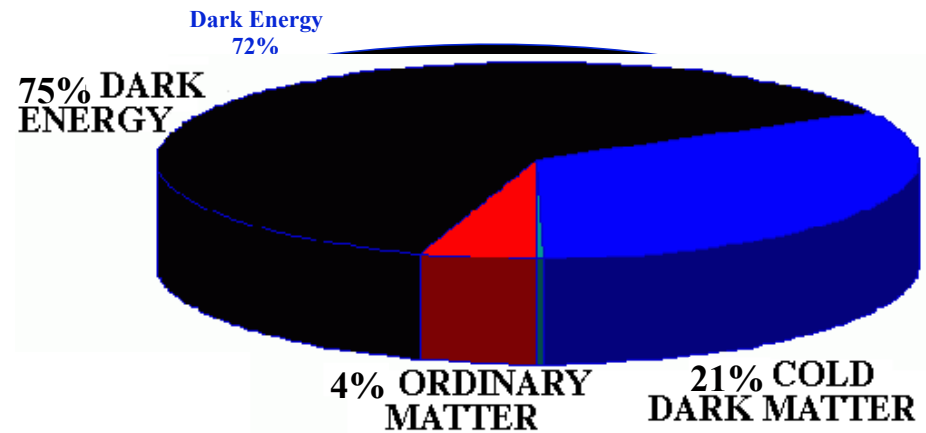
What have
we learned?

Summary of Lecture 1

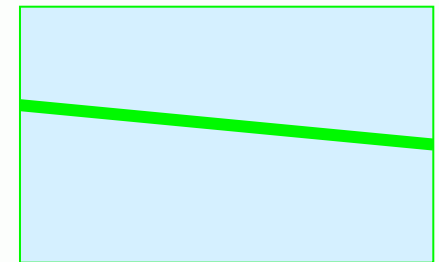


Summary of Lecture 2

- Ordinary Matter
- Dark Energy
- Cold Dark Matter
- Hot Dark Matter
- Photons
- Budget Deficit



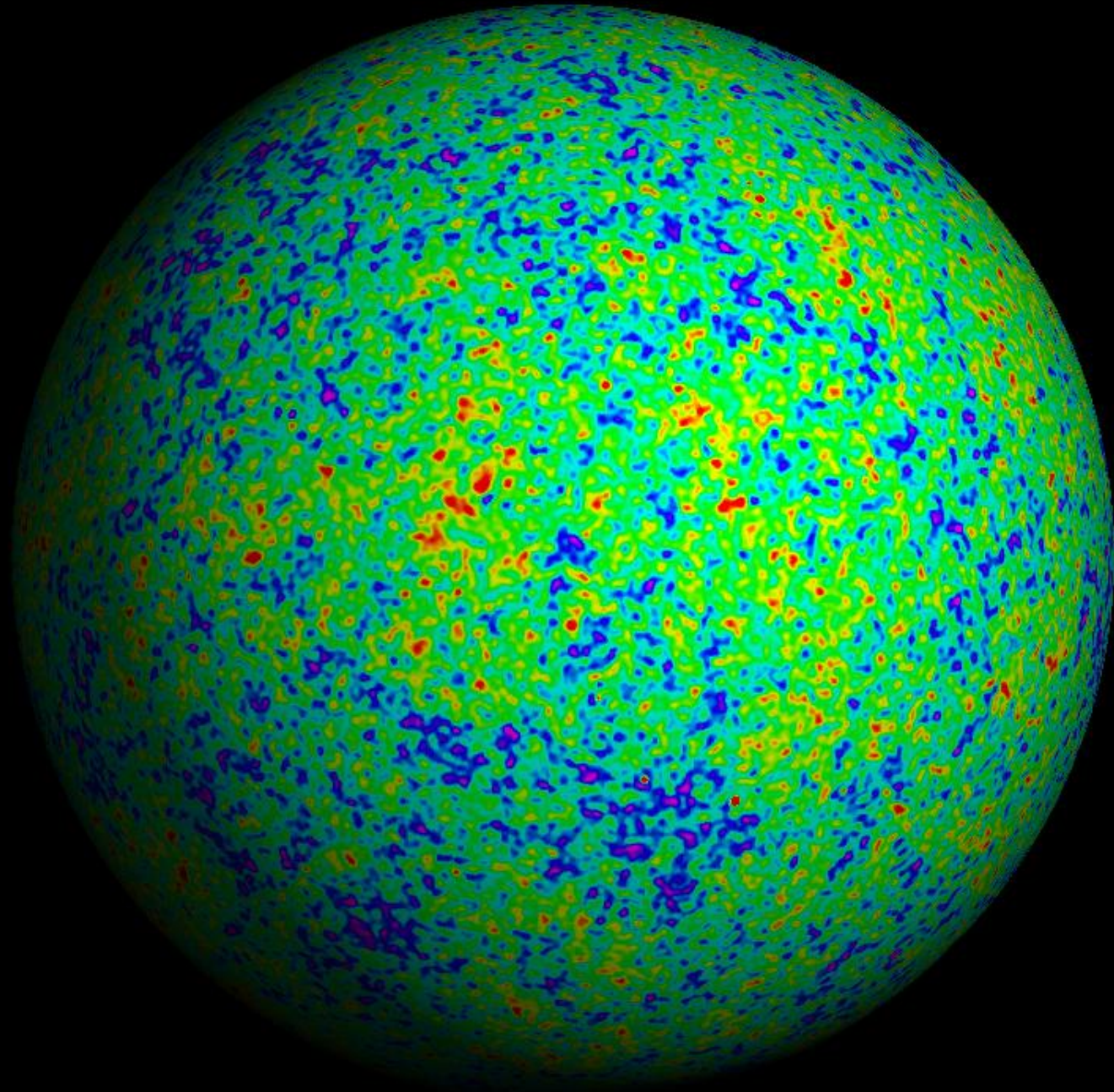
Parameter	Value	
Matter budget parameters:		
Ω_{tot}	$1.003^{+0.010}_{-0.009}$	Total density/critical density
Ω_{Λ}	$0.761^{+0.017}_{-0.018}$	Dark energy density parameter
ω_b	$0.0222^{+0.0007}_{-0.0007}$	Baryon density
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Seed fluctuation parameters:		
A_s	$0.690^{+0.045}_{-0.044}$	Scalar fluctuation amplitude
r	< 0.30 (95%)	Tensor-to-scalar ratio
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$n_t + 1$	$0.9861^{+0.0096}_{-0.0142}$	Tensor spectral index
α	$-0.040^{+0.027}_{-0.027}$	Running of spectral index



MORE EVIDENCE:

The fine details of
cosmic clumpiness

Foreground-cleaned WMAP map from Tegmark, de Oliveira-Costa & Hamilton, astro-ph/0302496



$z = 1000$

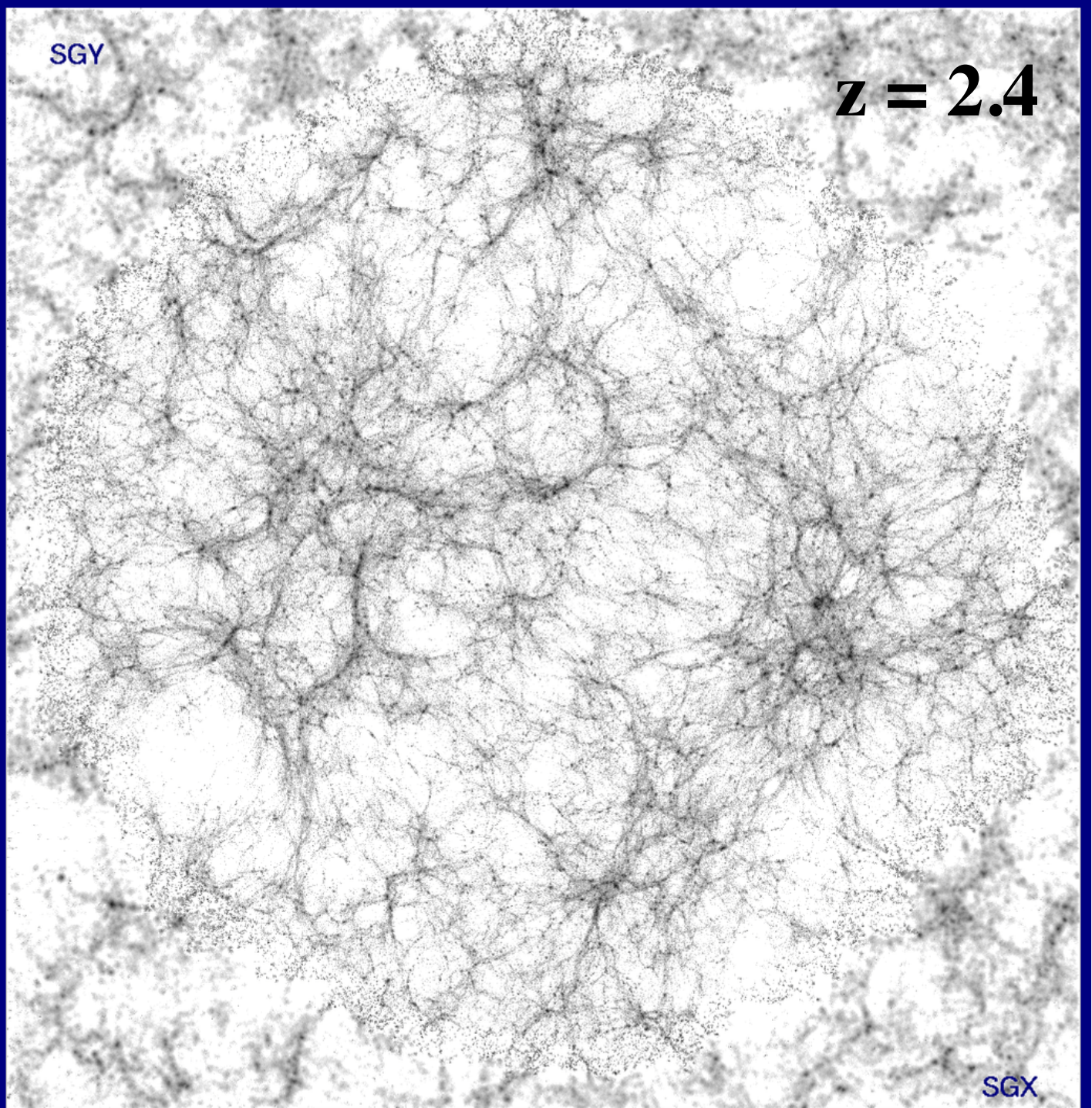


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Mathis, Lemson, Springel, Kauffmann, White & Dekel 2001

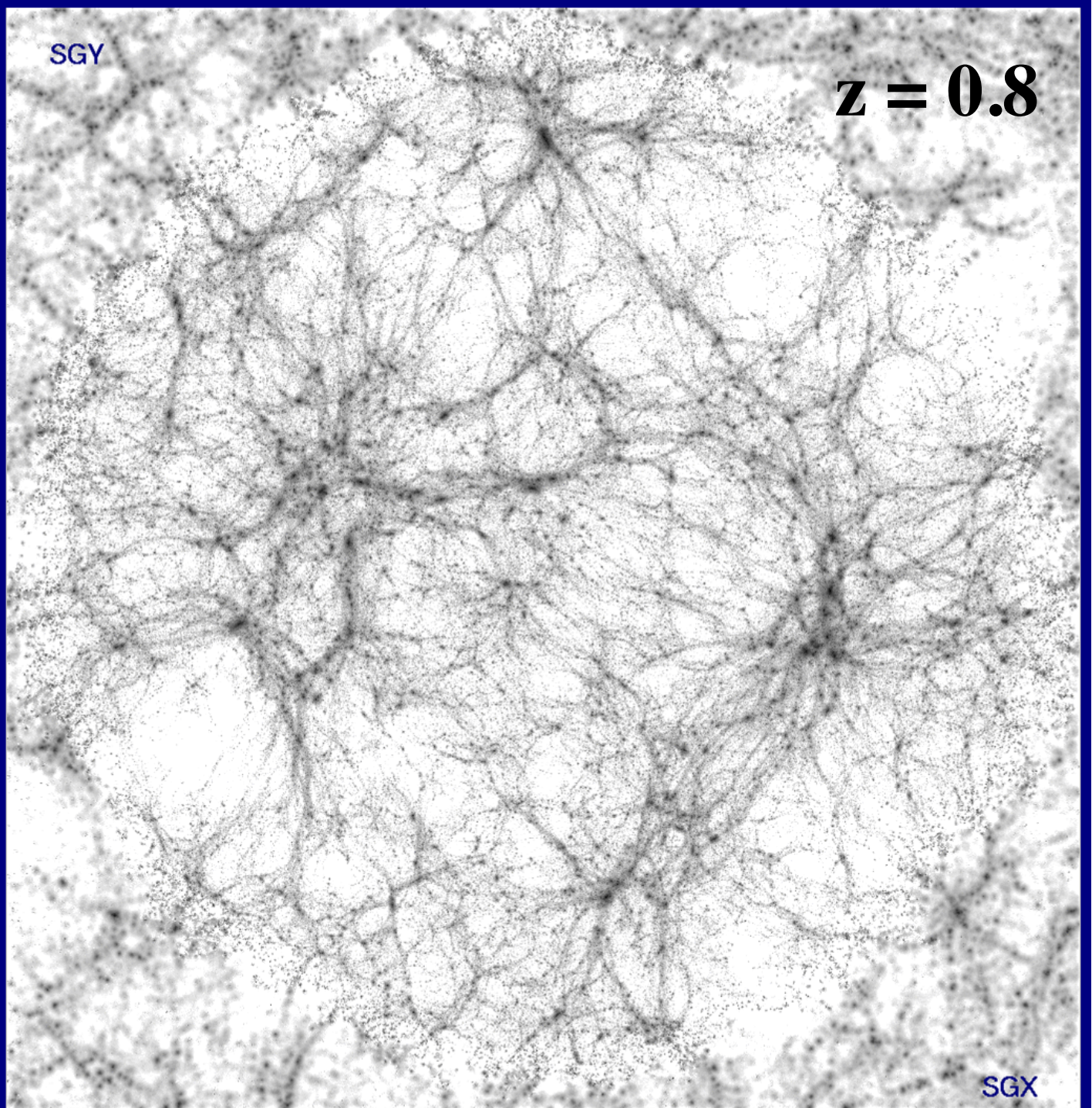


Λ CDM local universe at $z=2.4$ ($\Lambda=0.7$, $\Omega=0.3$, $h=0.7$)
Constrained within 8000 km/s by the IRAS 1.2 Jy survey

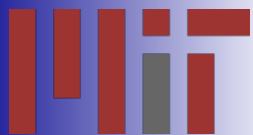


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Mathis, Lemson, Springel, Kauffmann, White & Dekel 2001

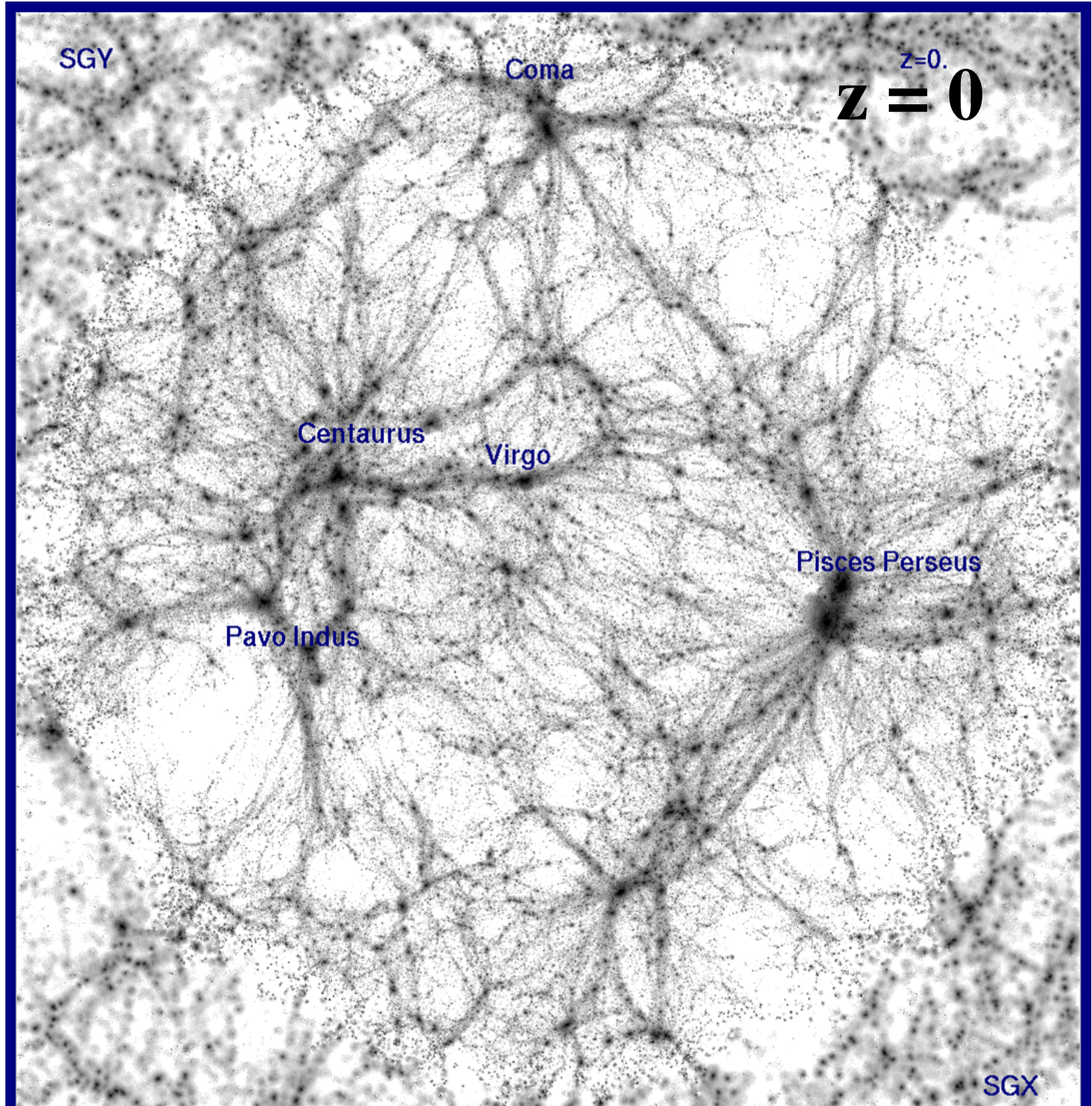


Λ CDM local universe at $z=0.8$ ($\Lambda=0.7$, $\Omega=0.3$, $h=0.7$)
Constrained within 8000 km/s by the IRAS 1.2 Jy survey



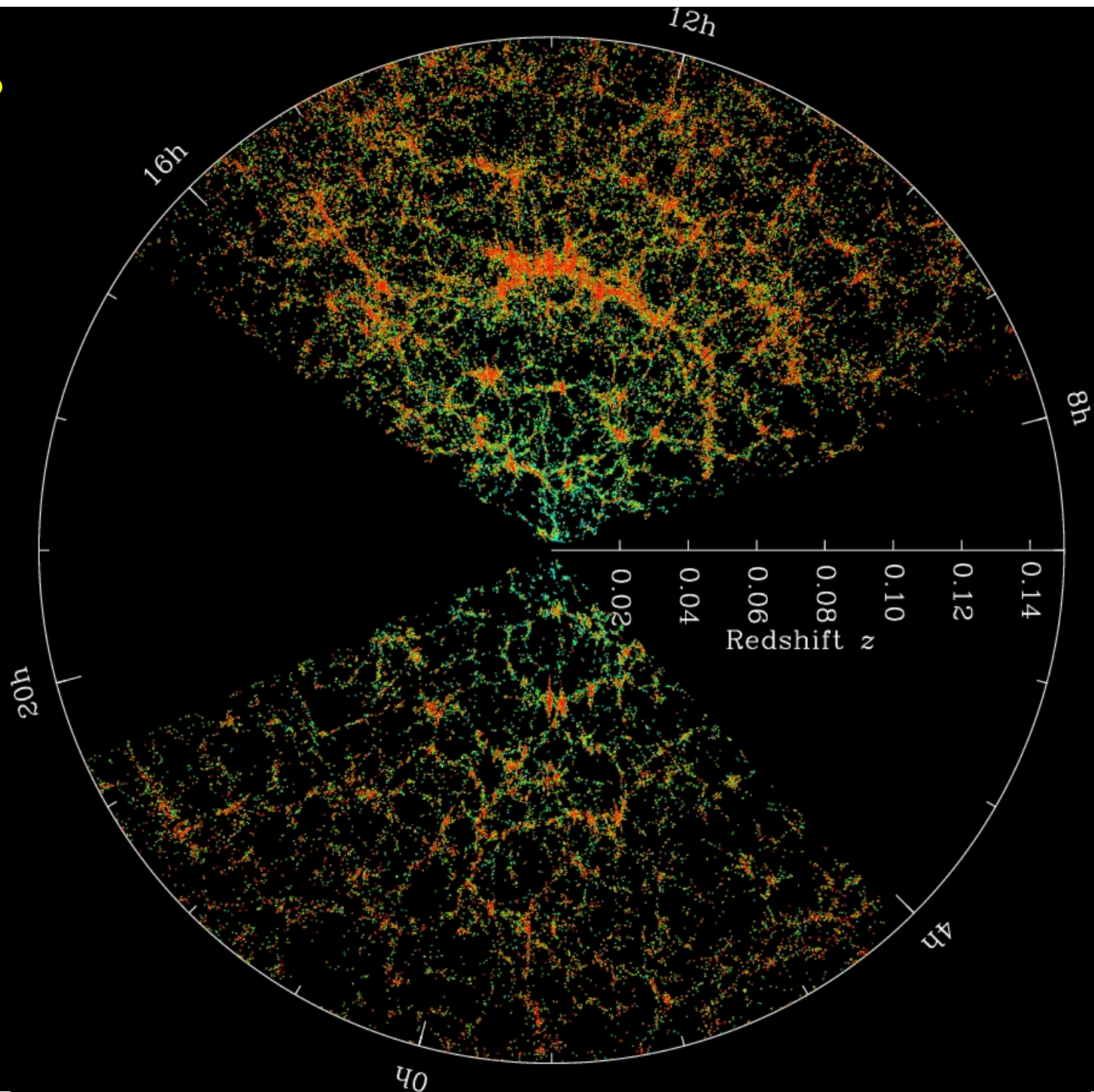
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Mathis, Lemson, Springel, Kauffmann, White & Dekel 2001



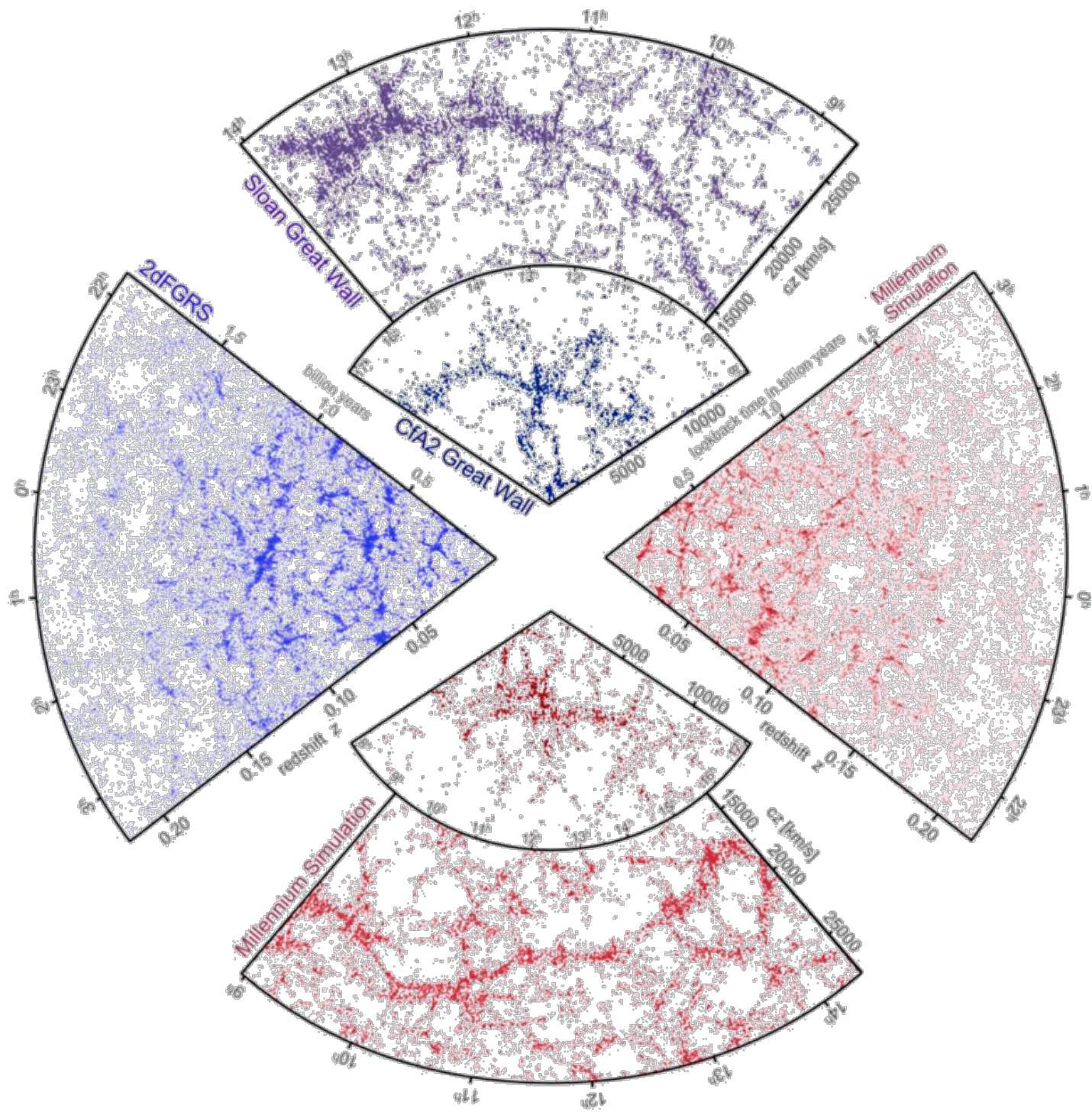
Λ CDM local universe ($\Lambda=0.7$, $\Omega=0.3$, $h=0.7$)
Constrained within 8000 km/s by the IRAS 1.2 Jy survey

SDSS
DR7

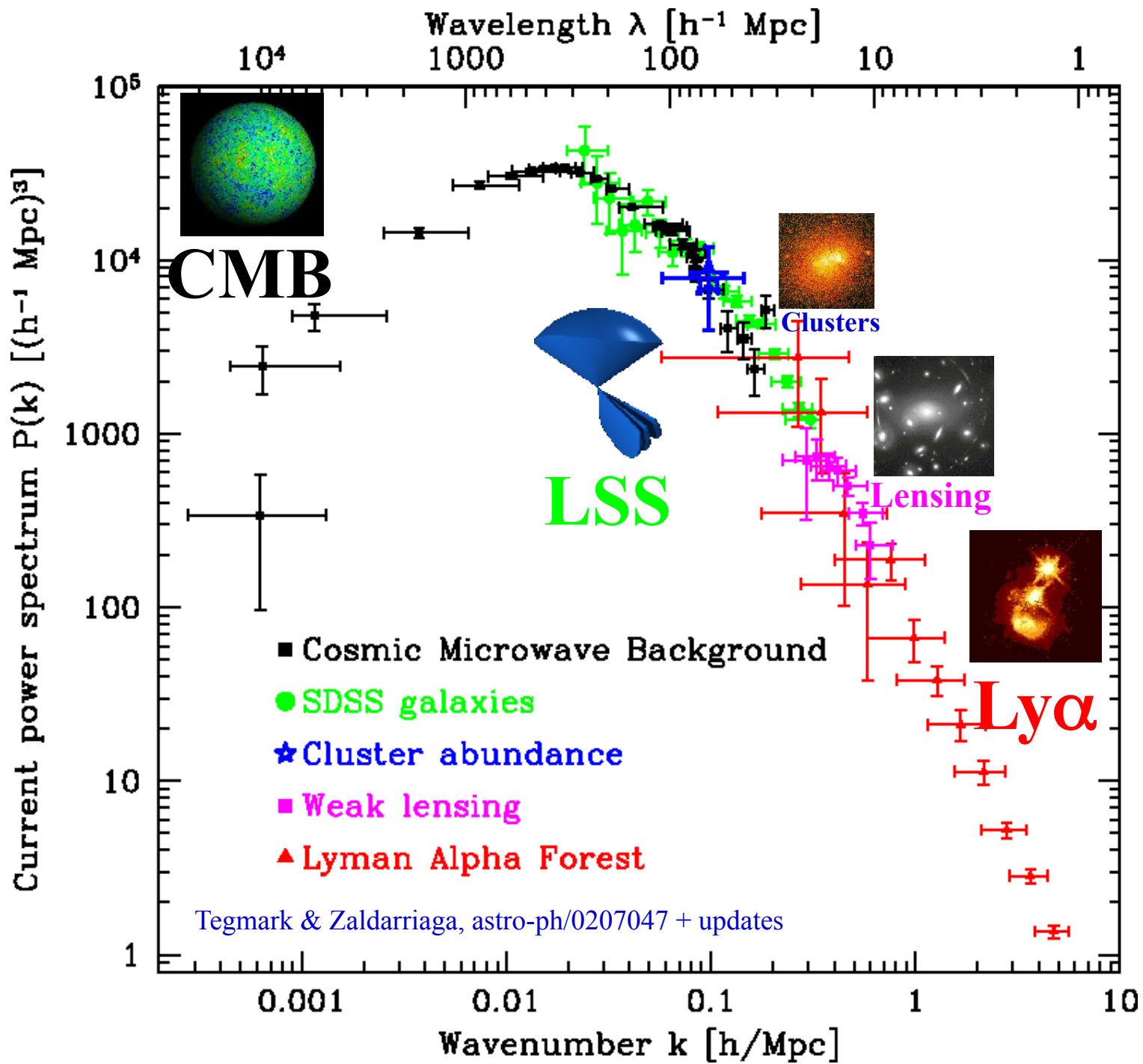


M Blanton/SDSS Team

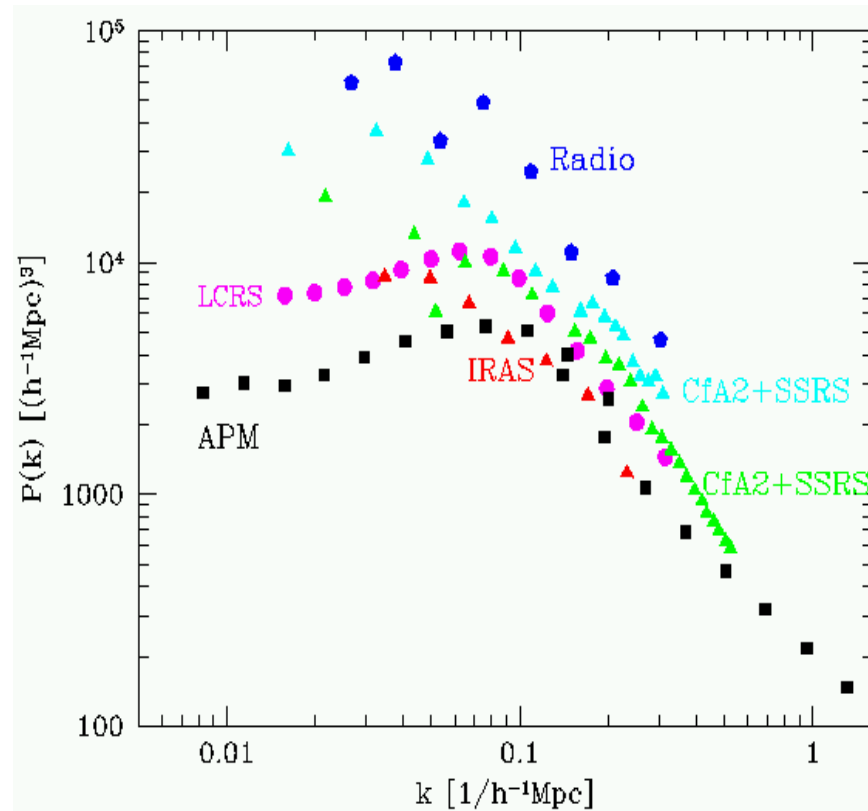
Springel, Frenk & White 2006, Nature, 440, 11



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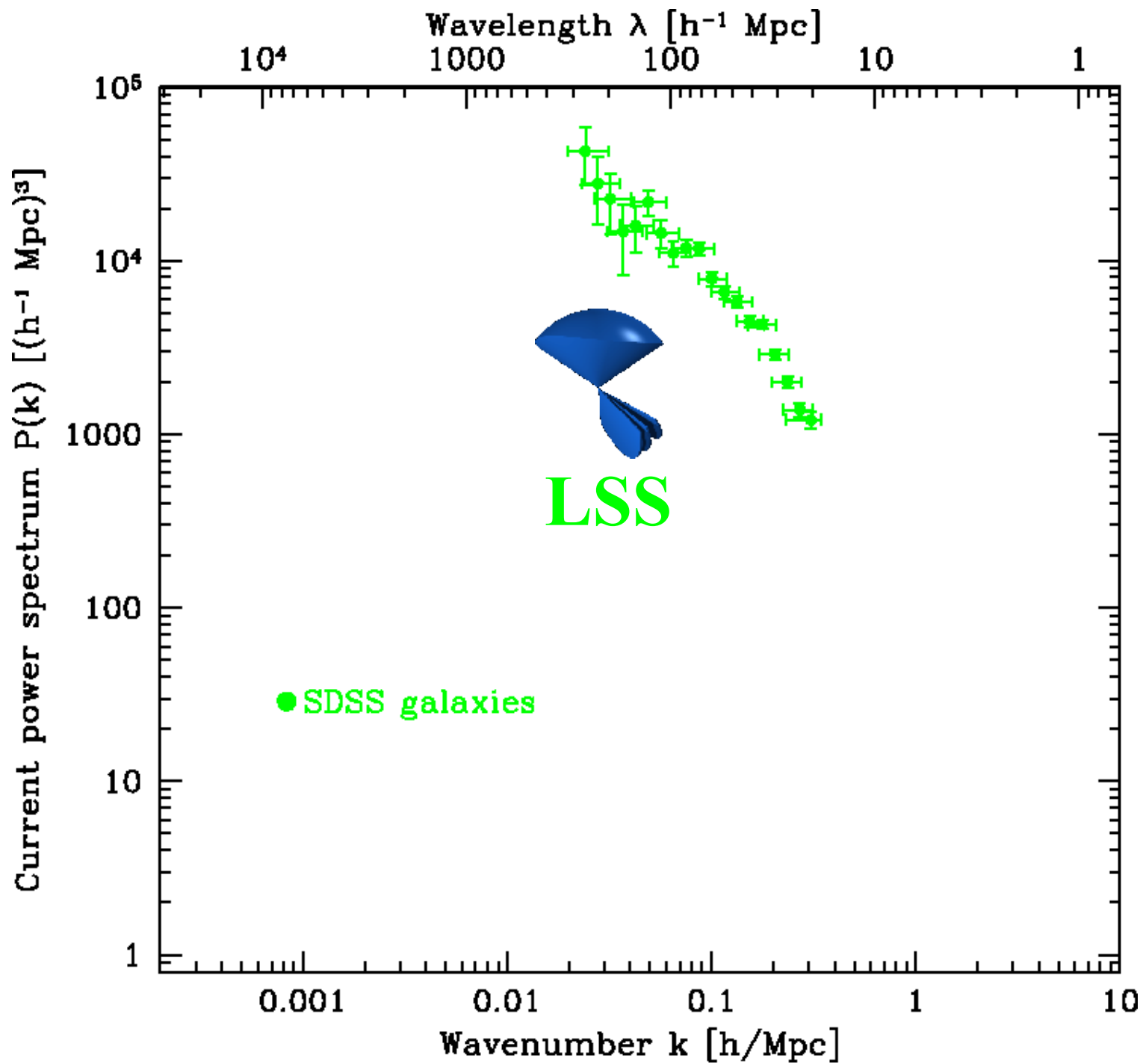
Galaxy power spectrum measurements 1999
(Based on compilation by Michael Vogeley)



S



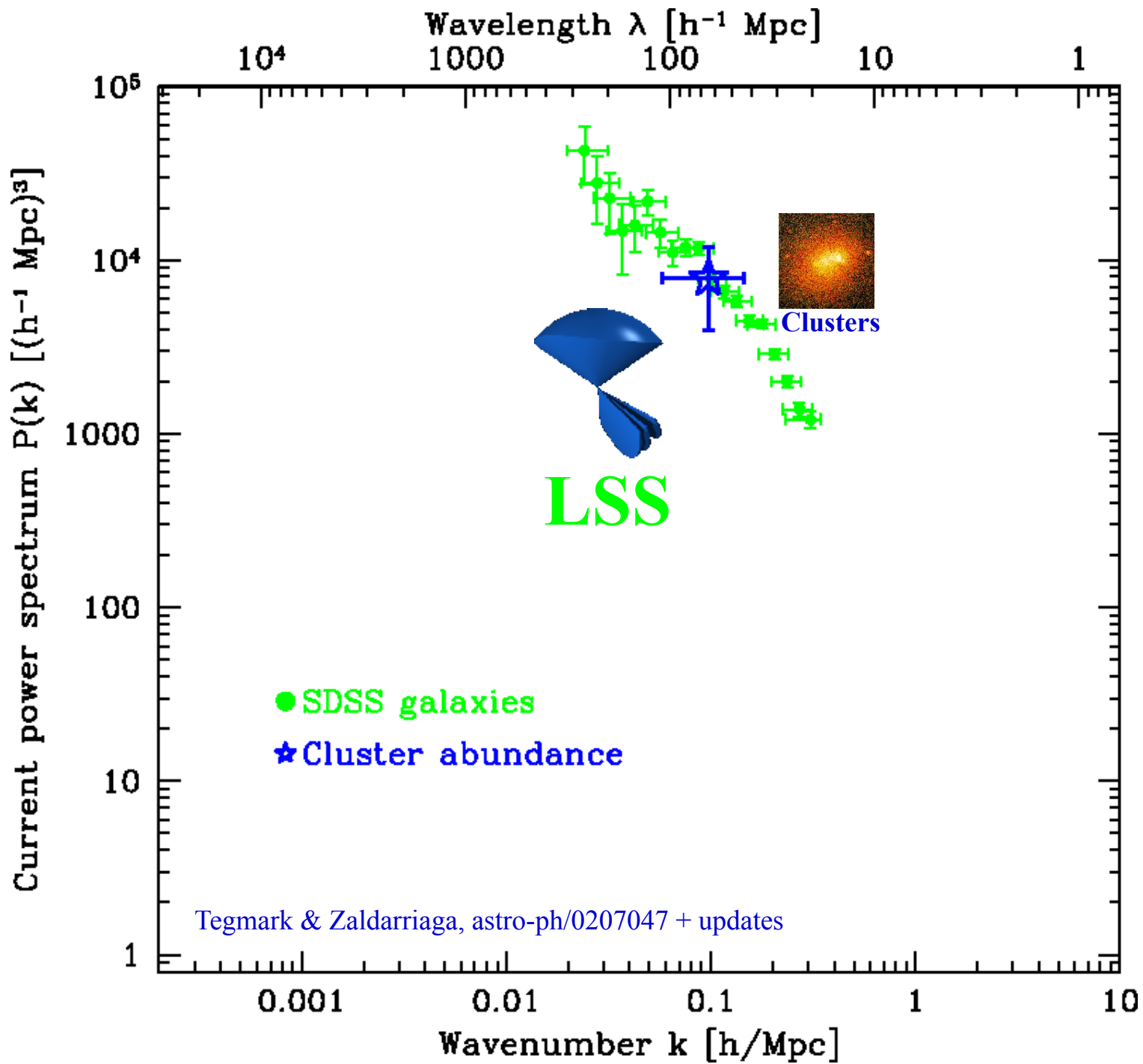
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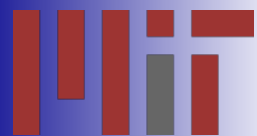
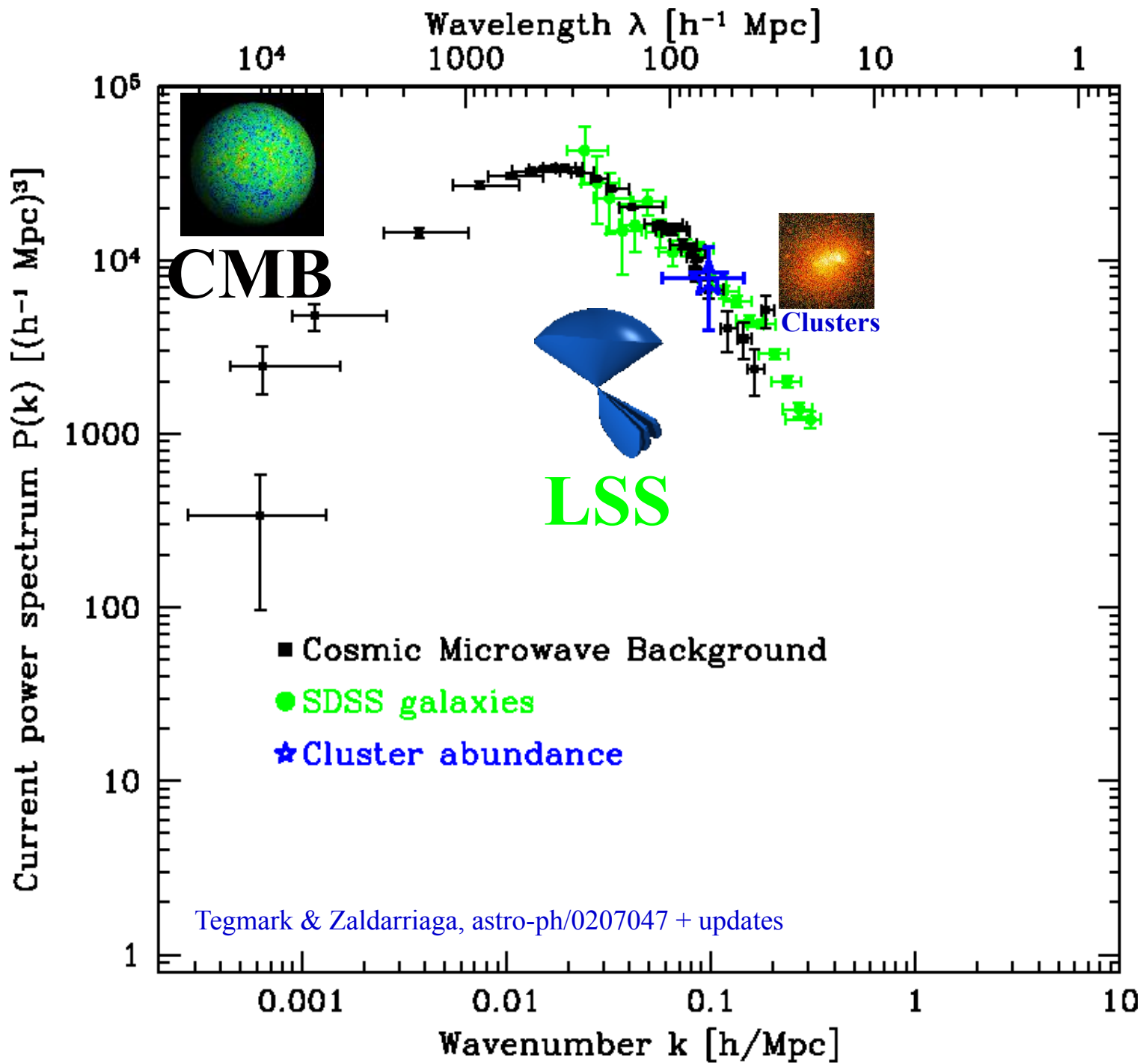
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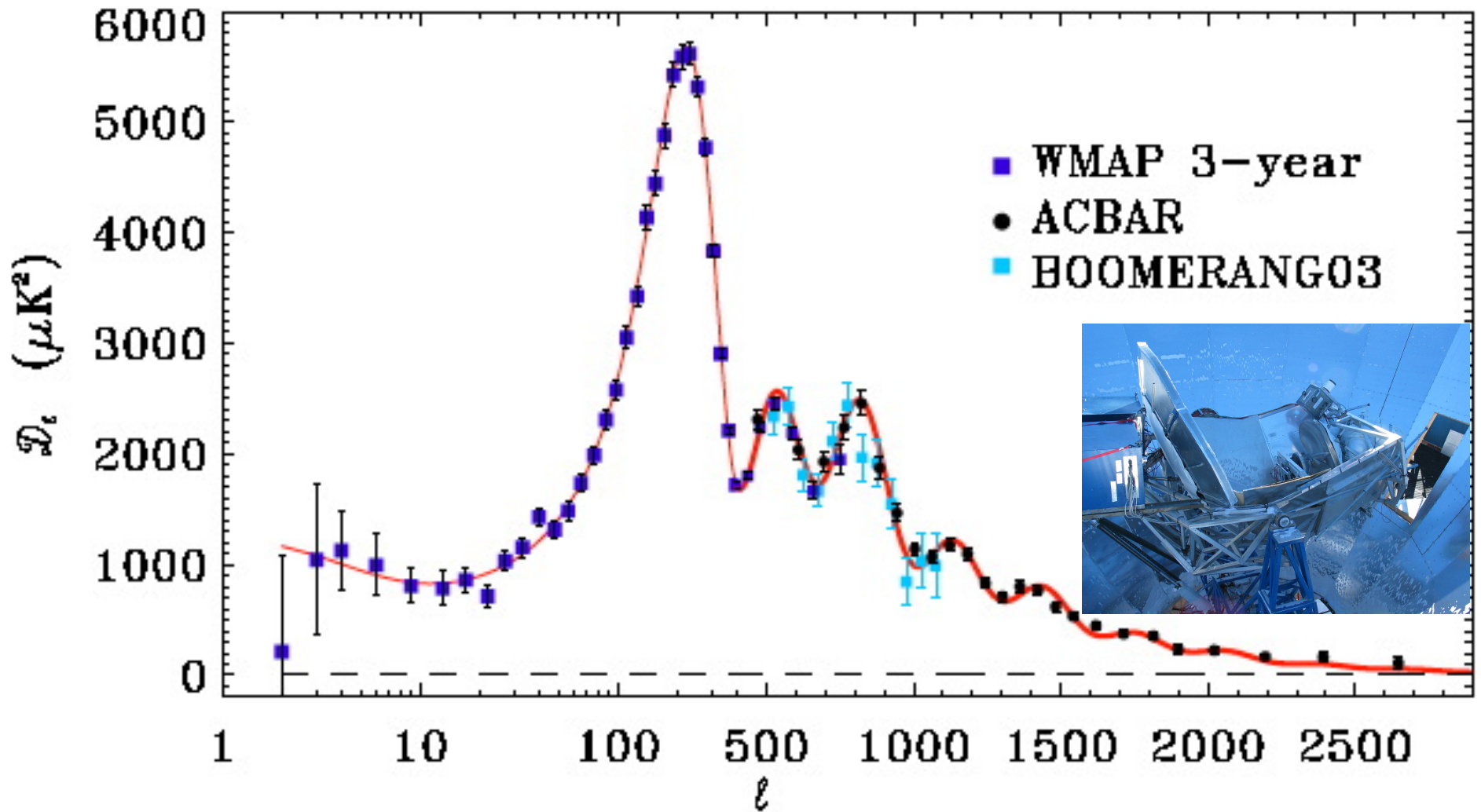


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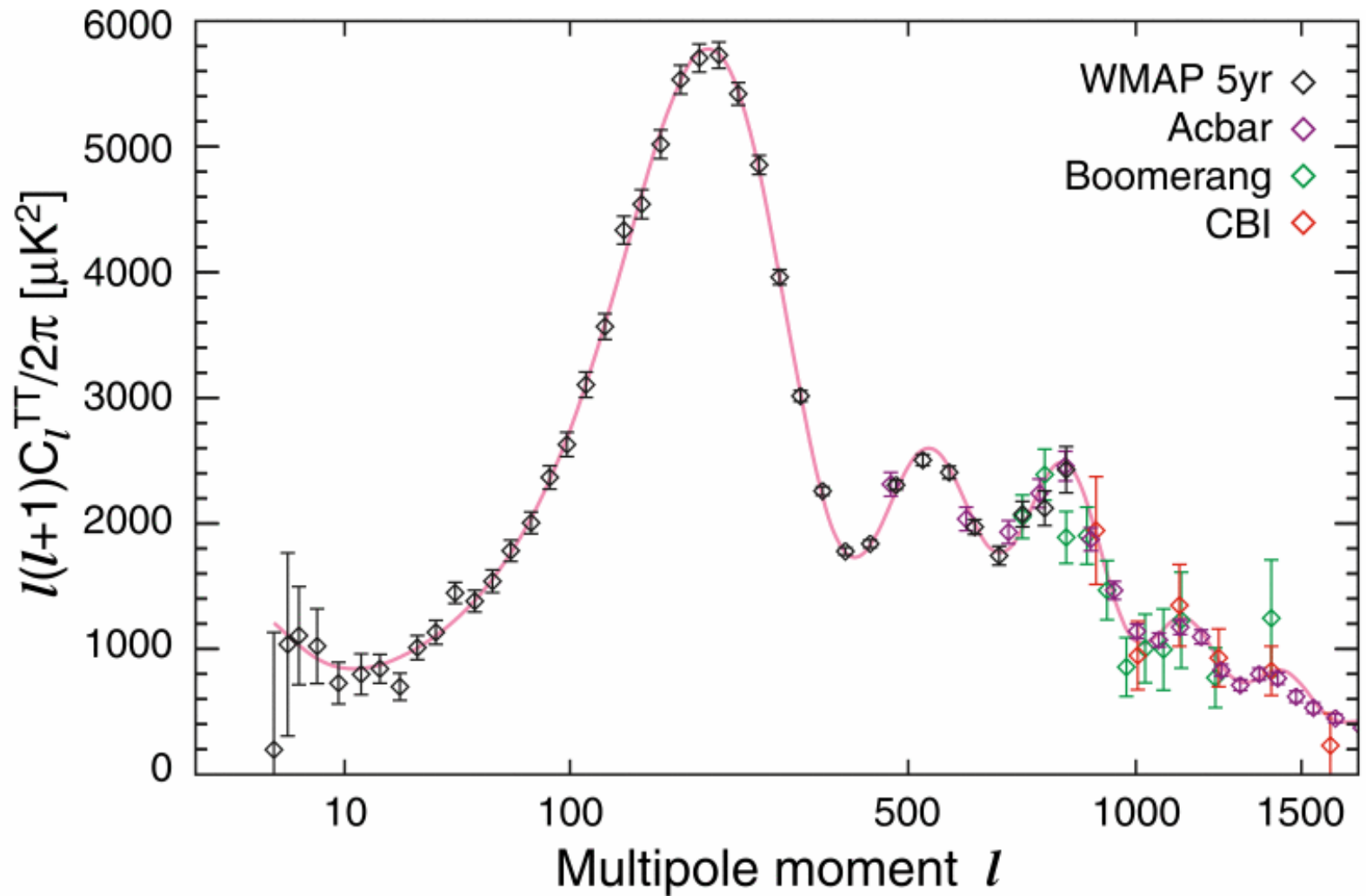
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2008:



Reichardt et al 2008, arXiv:0801.1491

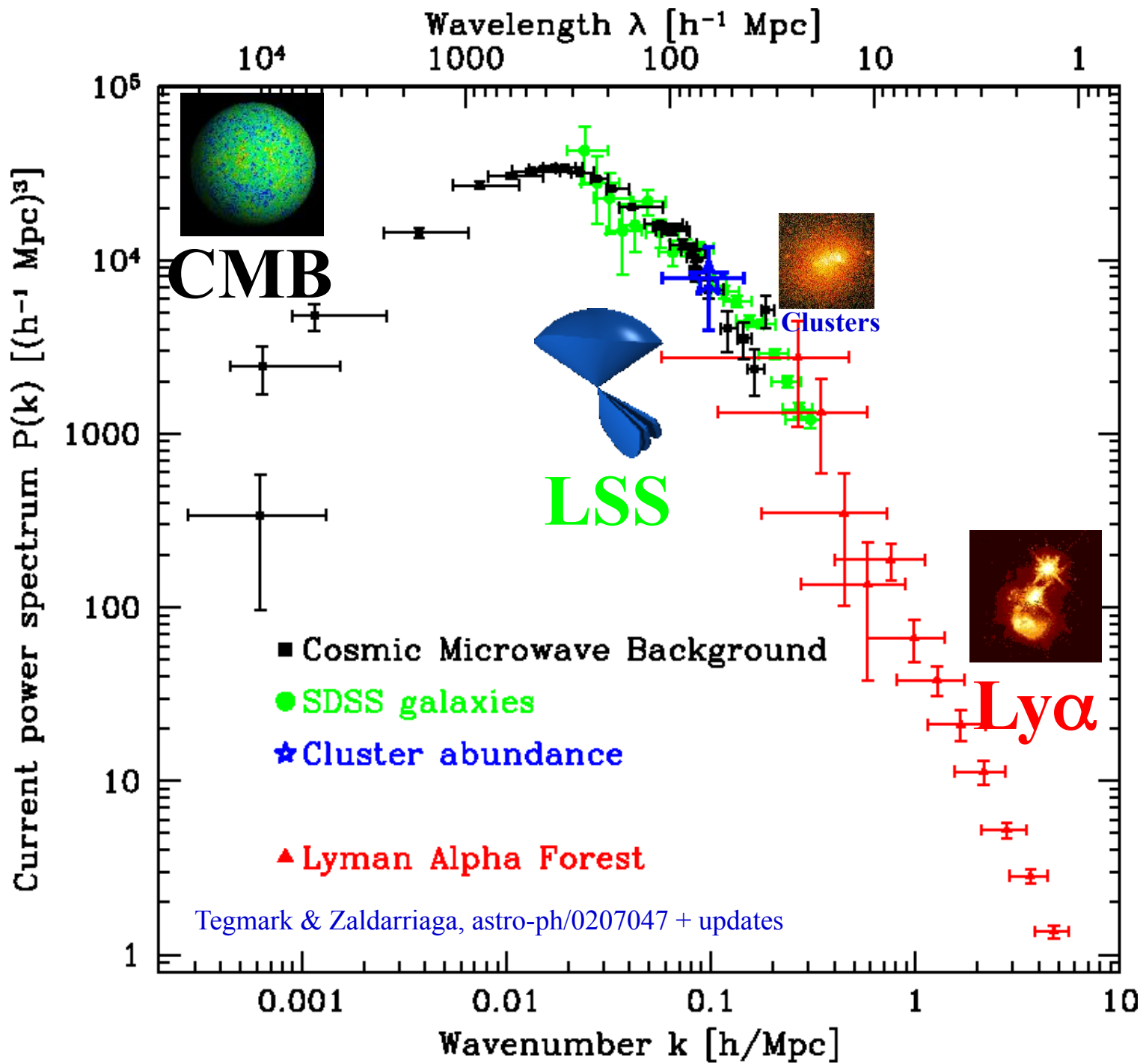
2008:



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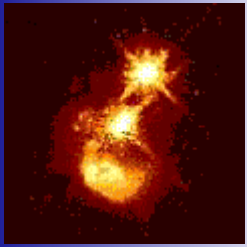
Nolta et al 2008, arXiv:0803.0593

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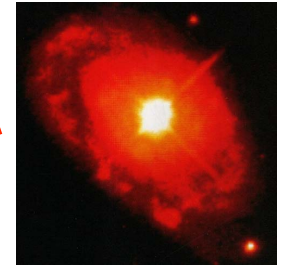
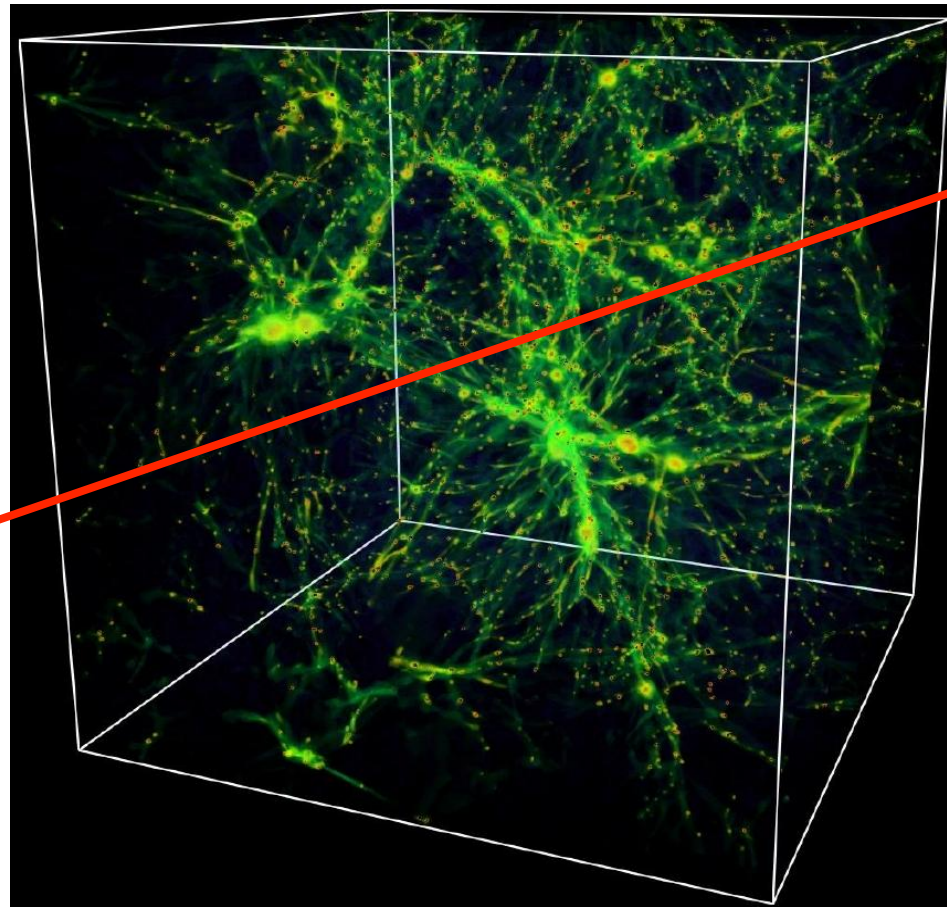
Lyman Alpha Forest Simulation: Cen et al 2001



Ly α F

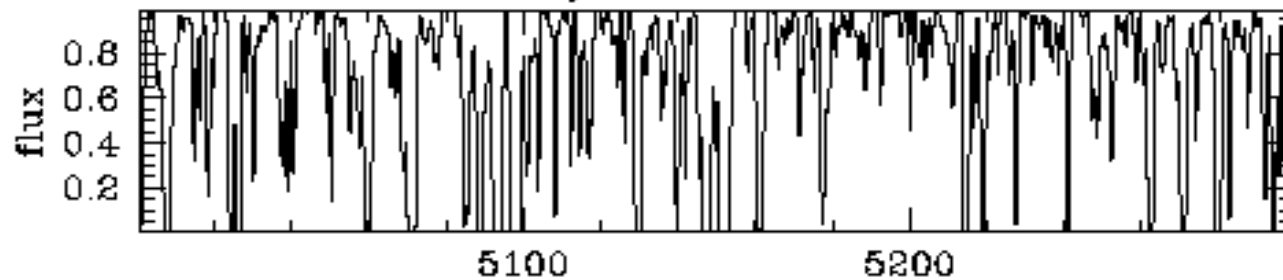


You



Quasar

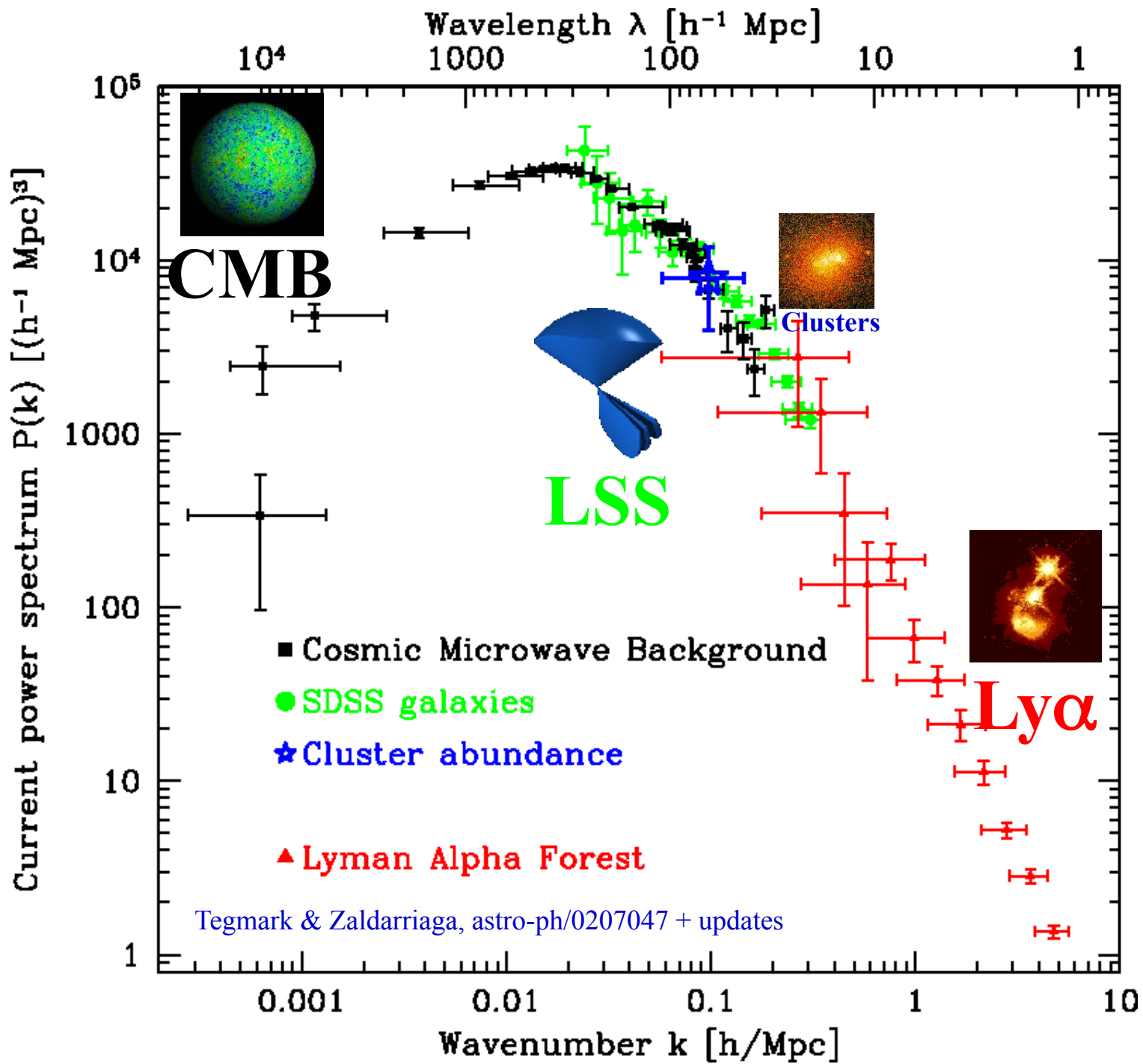
QSO 1422+2301



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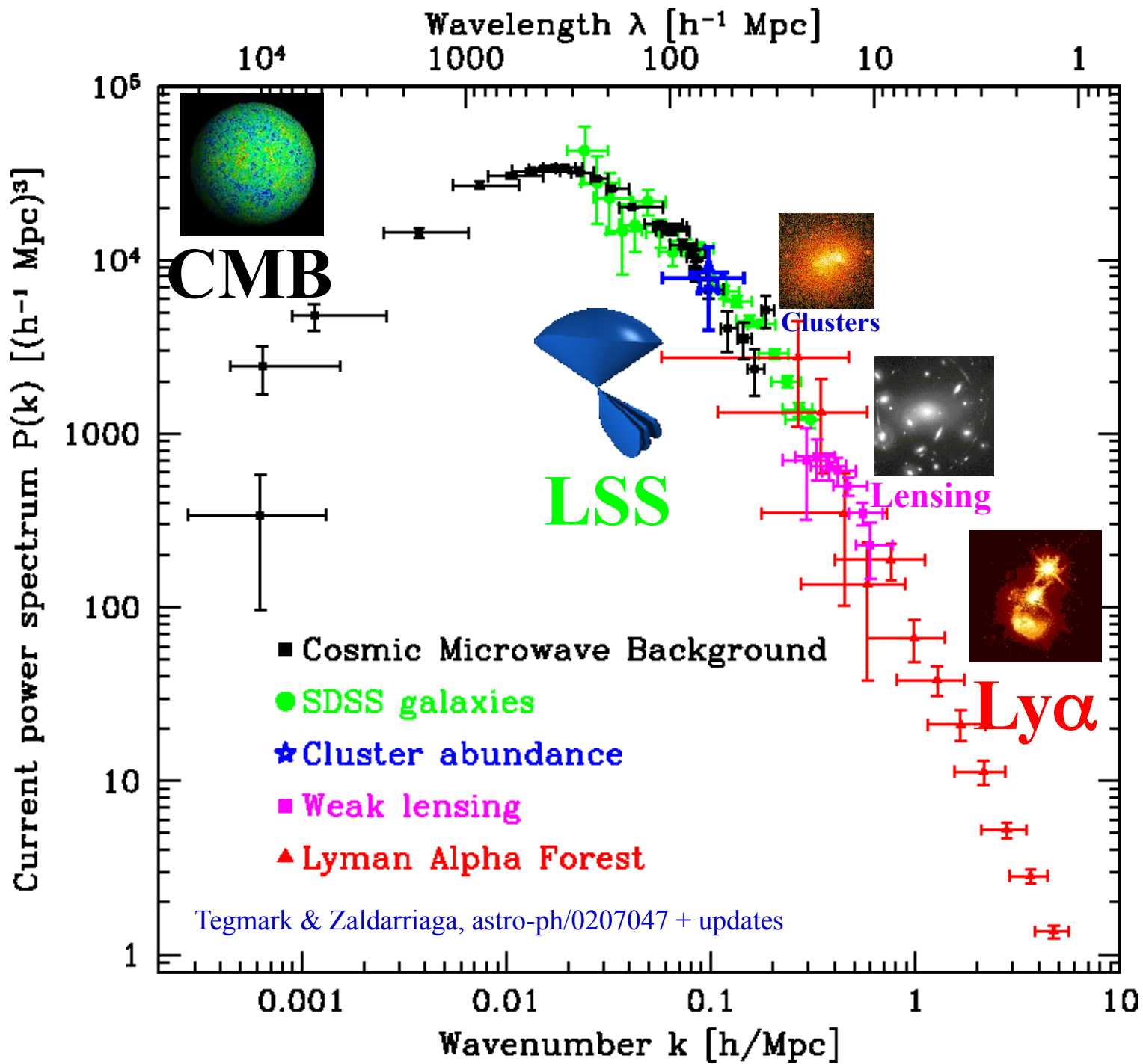
simulation

S

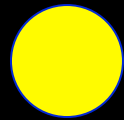


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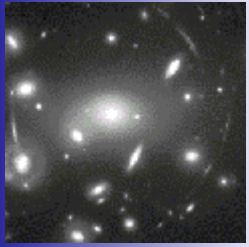
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Chema movie

**GRAVITATIONAL LENSING:
A1689 imaged by Hubble ACS, Broadhurst et al 2004**





Lensing

WHAT YOU HAVE:



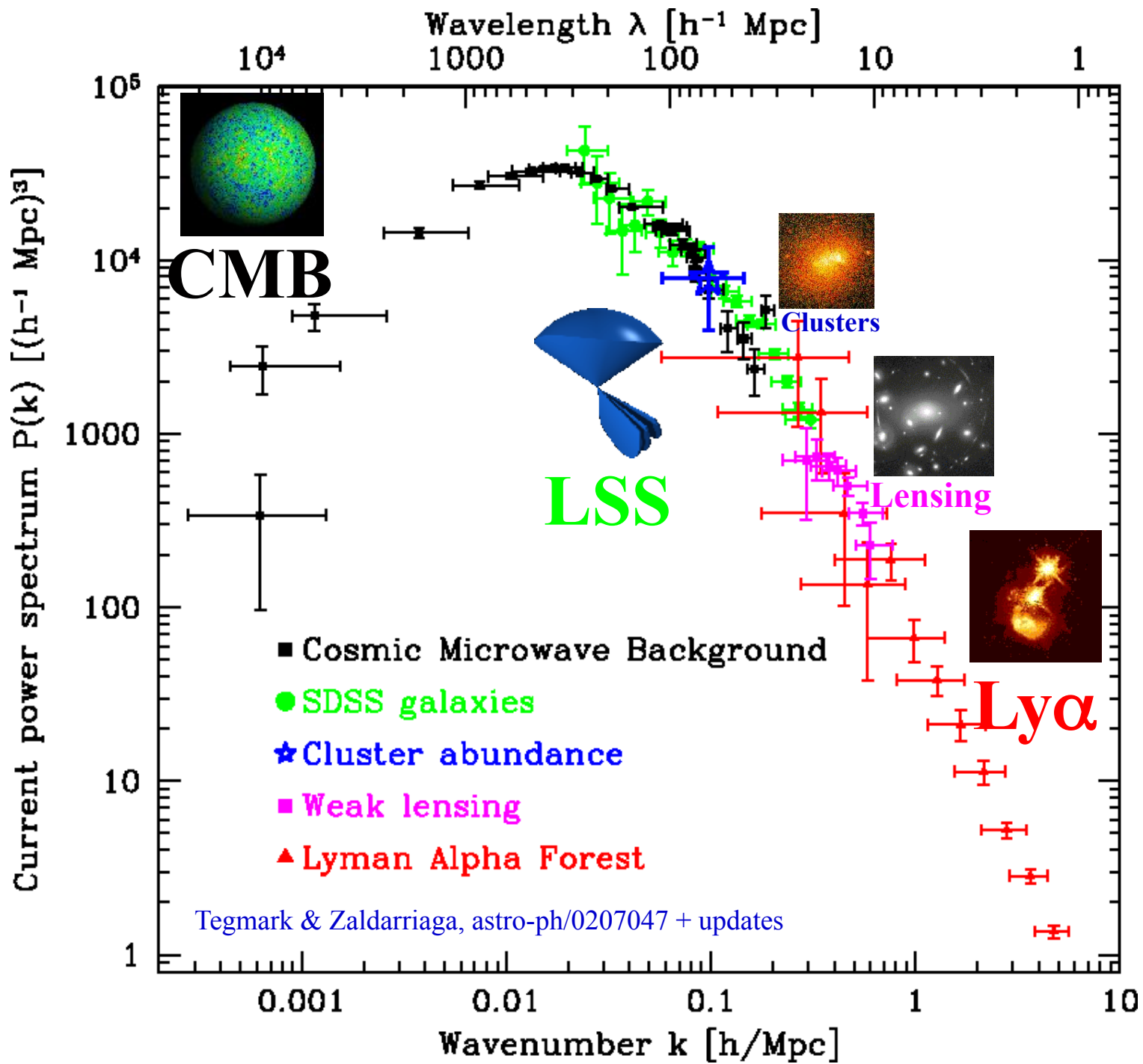
WHAT YOU SEE:



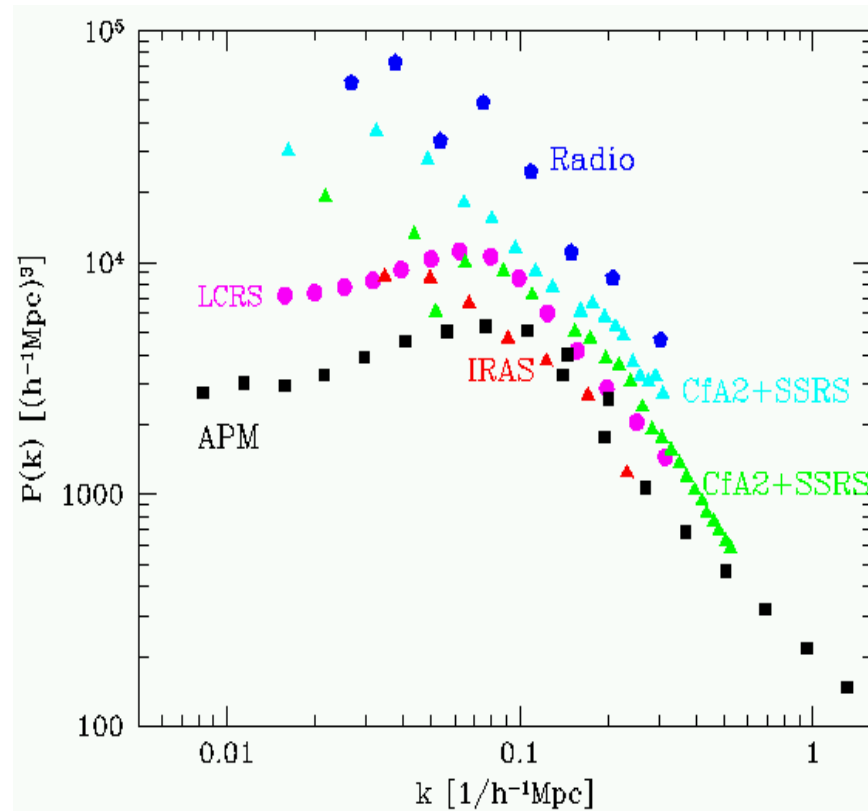
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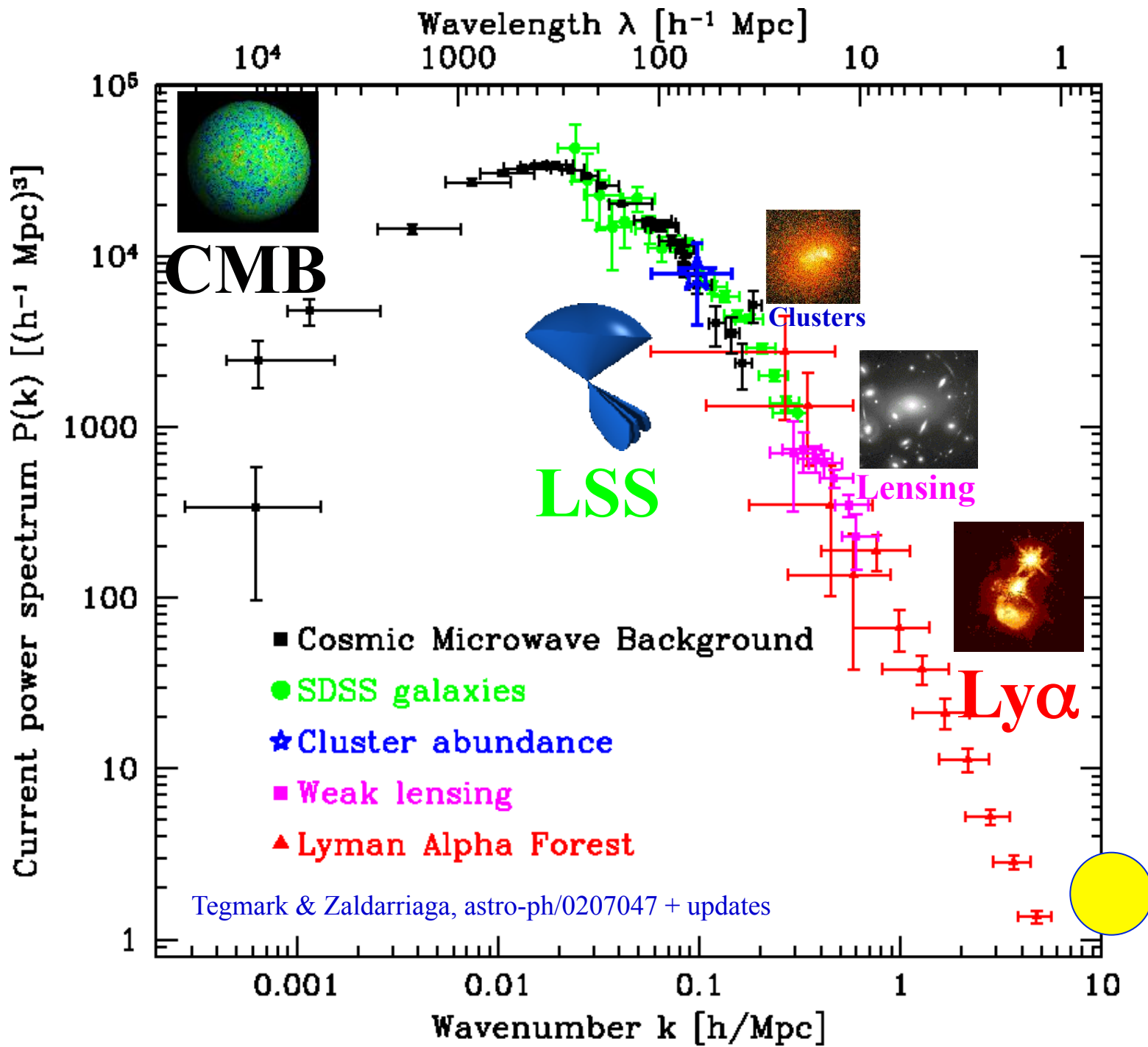
Galaxy power spectrum measurements 1999
(Based on compilation by Michael Vogeley)



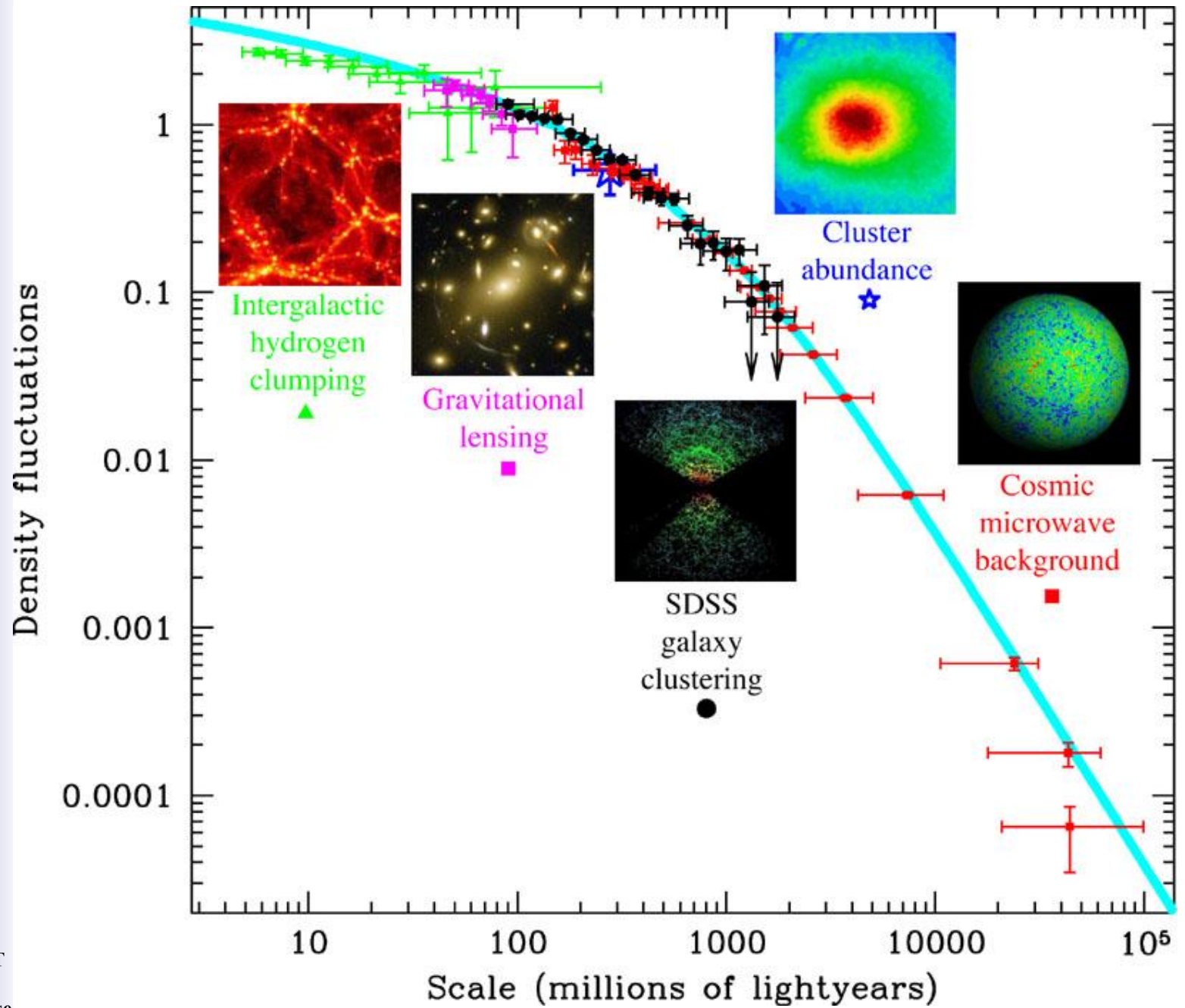
S



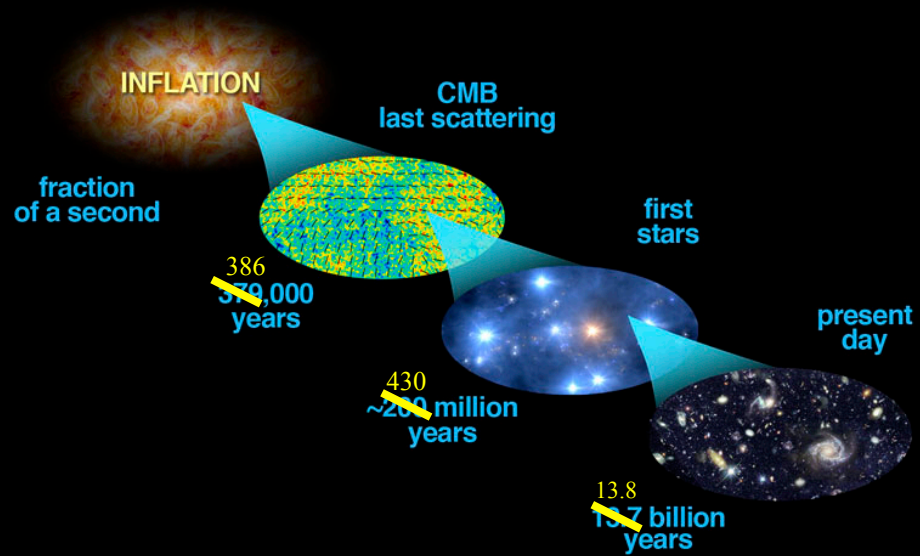
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Measuring cosmological parameters



par movies

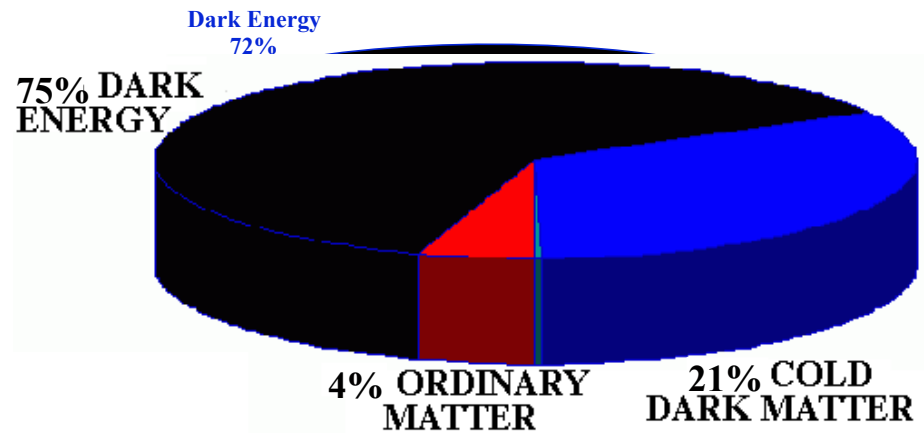


Cosmic history parameters:

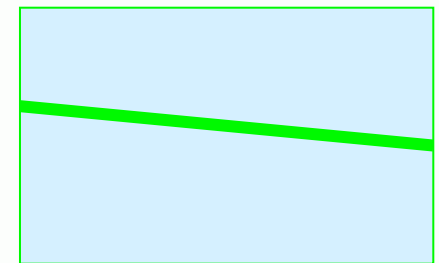
z_{eq}	3057^{+105}_{-102}	Matter-radiation Equality redshift
z_{rec}	$1090.25^{+0.93}_{-0.91}$	Recombination redshift
z_{ion}	$11.1^{+2.2}_{-2.7}$	Reionization redshift (abrupt)
z_{acc}	$0.855^{+0.059}_{-0.059}$	Acceleration redshift
t_{eq}	$0.0634^{+0.0045}_{-0.0041}$ Myr	Matter-radiation Equality time
t_{rec}	$0.3856^{+0.0040}_{-0.0040}$ Myr	Recombination time
t_{ion}	$0.43^{+0.20}_{-0.10}$ Gyr	Reionization time
t_{acc}	$6.74^{+0.25}_{-0.24}$ Gyr	Acceleration time
t_{now}	$13.76^{+0.15}_{-0.15}$ Gyr	Age of Universe now

Using WMAP3 + SDSS LRGs:

- Ordinary Matter
- Dark Energy
- Cold Dark Matter
- Hot Dark Matter
- Photons
- Budget Deficit



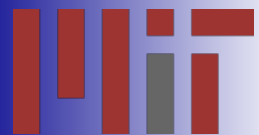
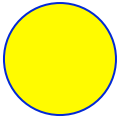
Parameter	Value	
Matter budget parameters:		
Ω_{tot}	$1.003^{+0.010}_{-0.009}$	Total density/critical density
Ω_{Λ}	$0.761^{+0.017}_{-0.018}$	Dark energy density parameter
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$n_t + 1$	$0.9861^{+0.0096}_{-0.0142}$	Tensor spectral index
α	$-0.040^{+0.027}_{-0.027}$	Running of spectral index



How will it all end?

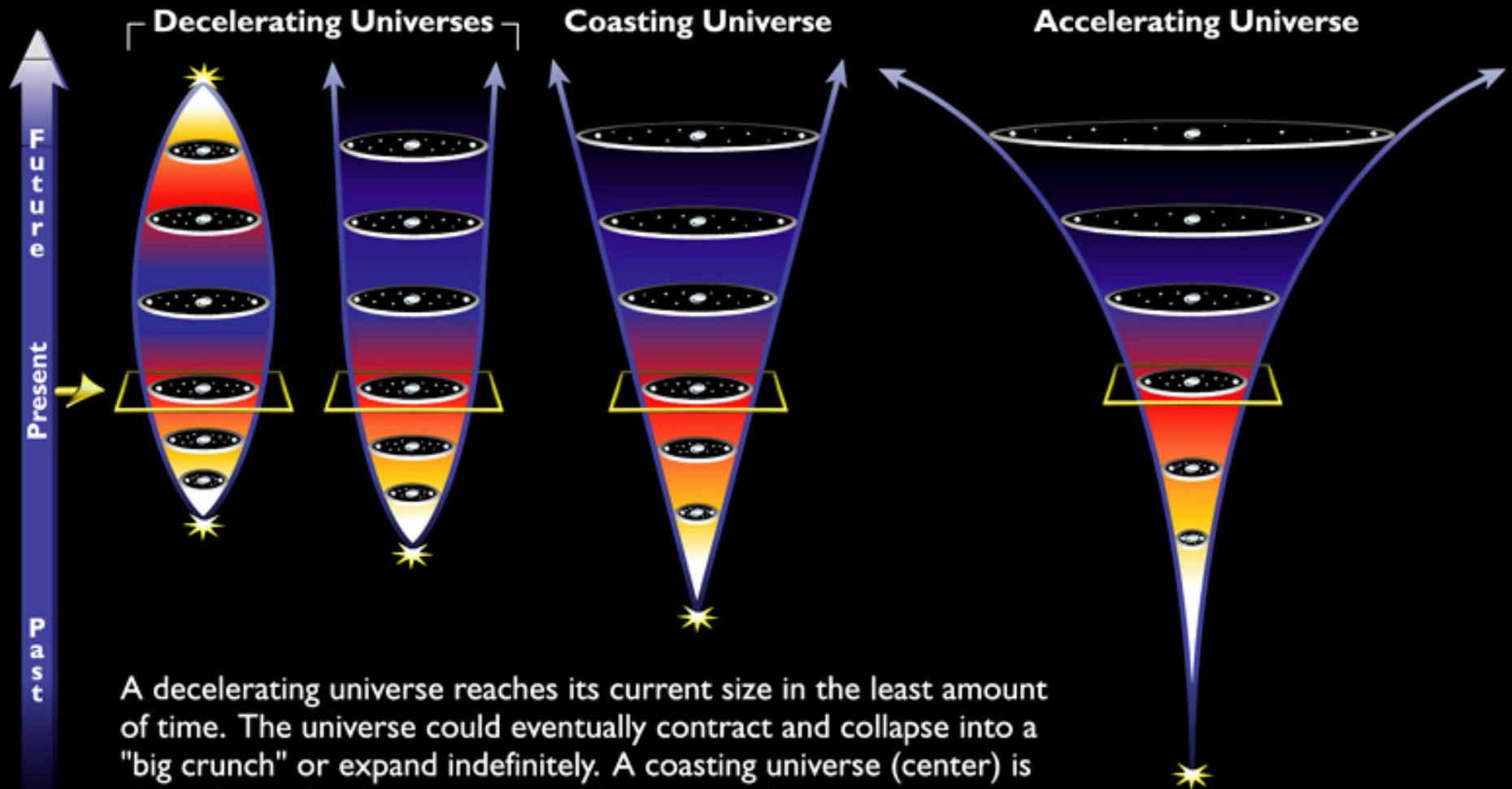


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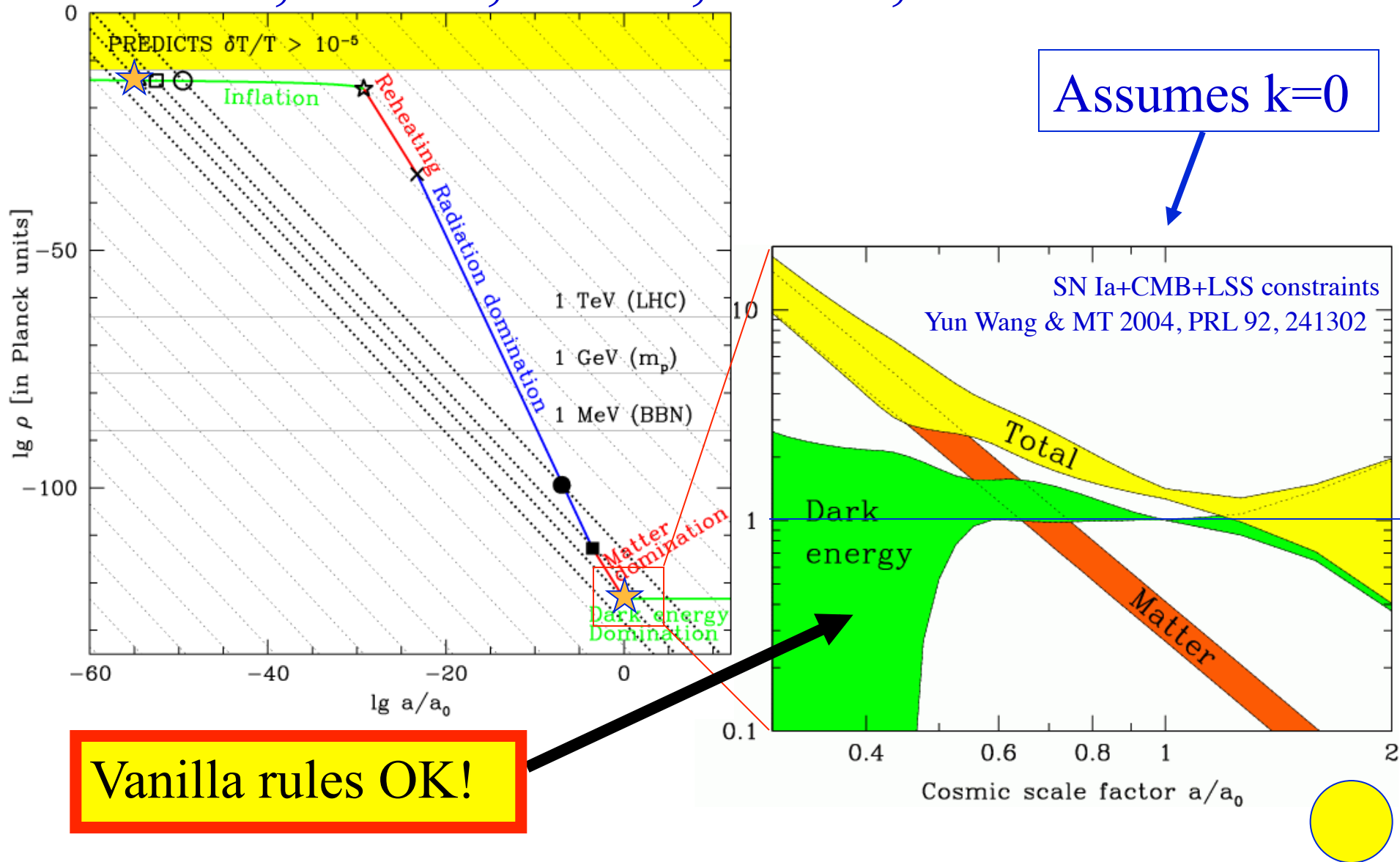
Possible Models of the Expanding Universe



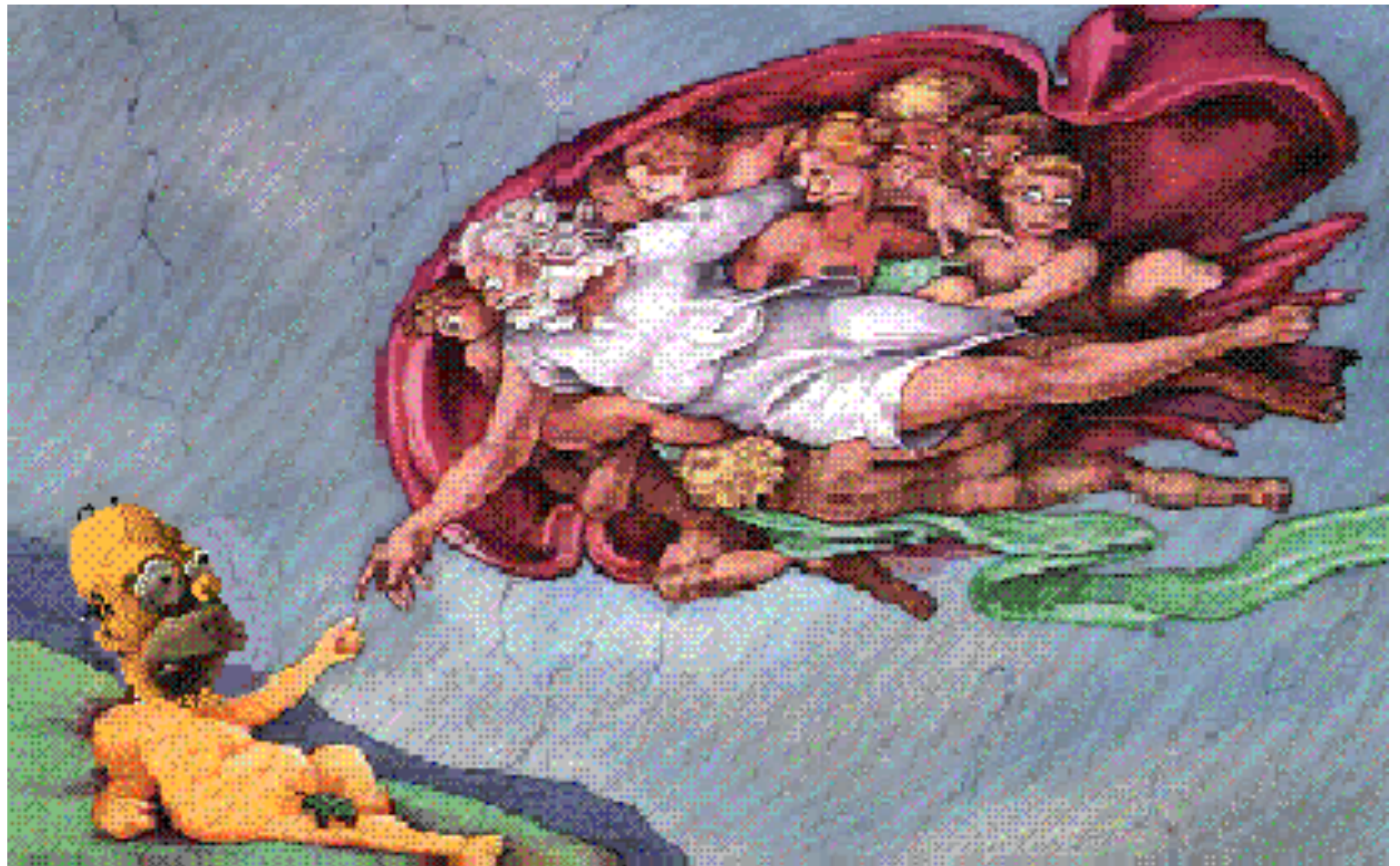
A decelerating universe reaches its current size in the least amount of time. The universe could eventually contract and collapse into a "big crunch" or expand indefinitely. A coasting universe (center) is older than a decelerating universe because it takes more time to reach its present size, and expands forever. An accelerating universe (right) is older still. The rate of expansion actually increases because of a repulsive force that pushes galaxies apart.

Figure from STScI

What we've learned about $H(z)$ from SN Ia, CMB, BAO, BBN, etc:



How did it all begin?



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**DAWN
OF
TIME**

**tiny fraction
of a second**

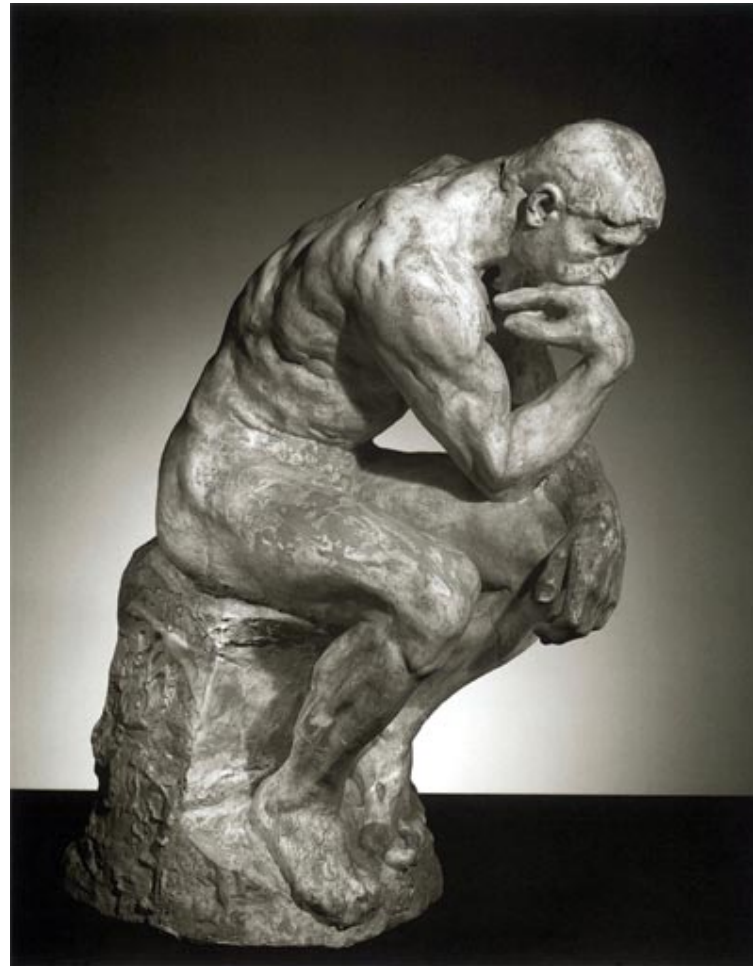
inflation

**380,000
years**

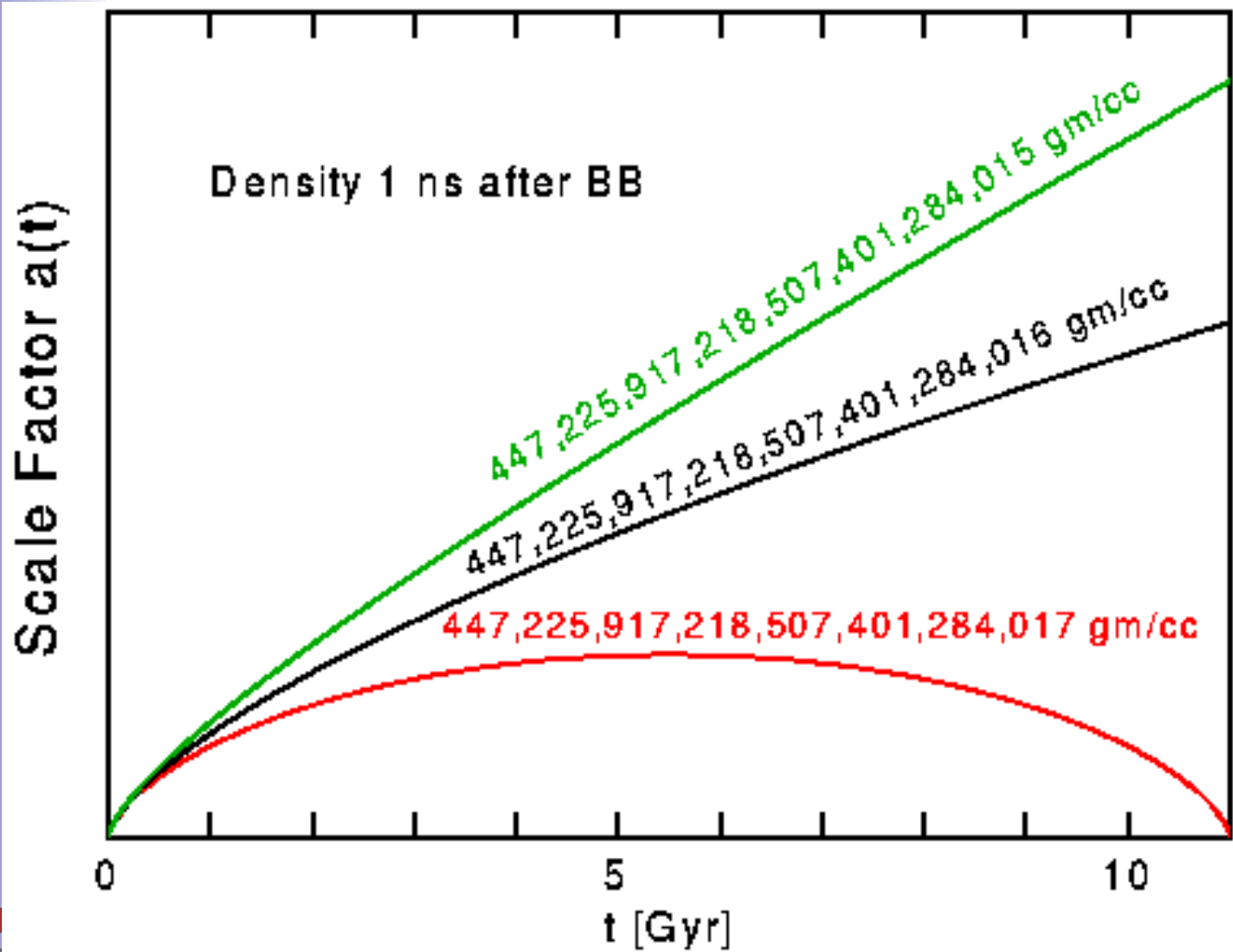
**13.7
billion
years**



Some things to ponder...



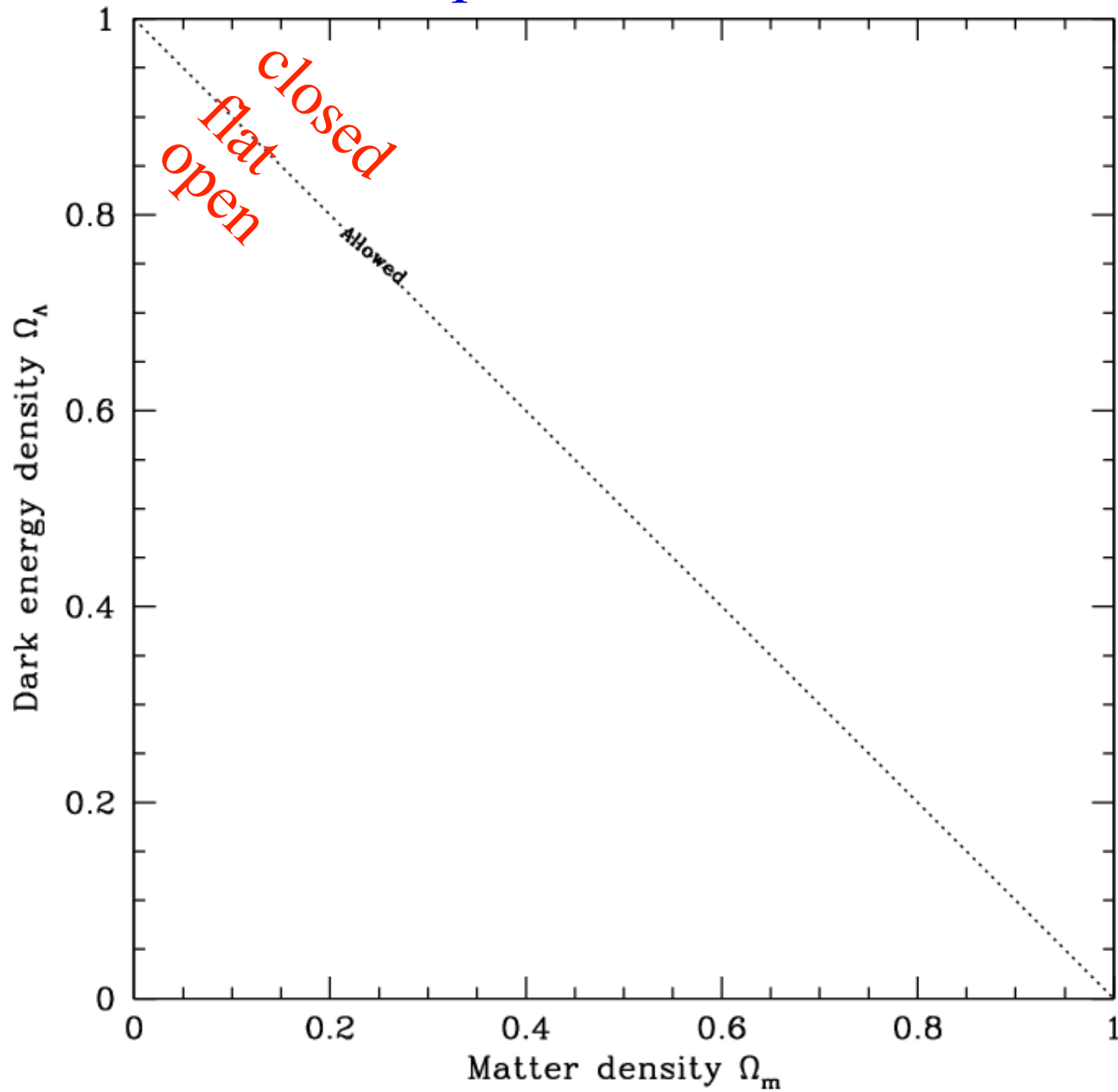
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Ned Wright

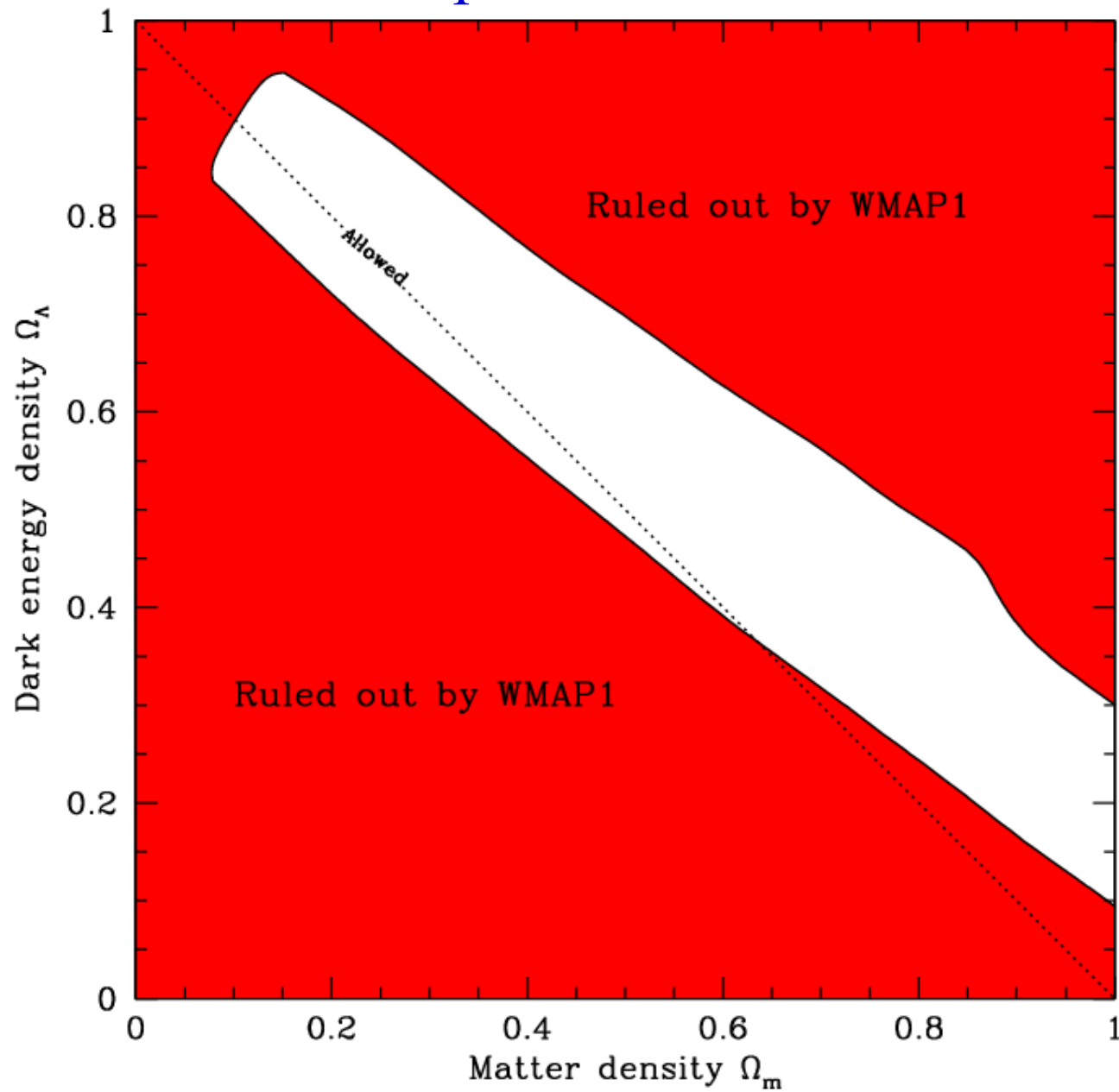


How flat is space?



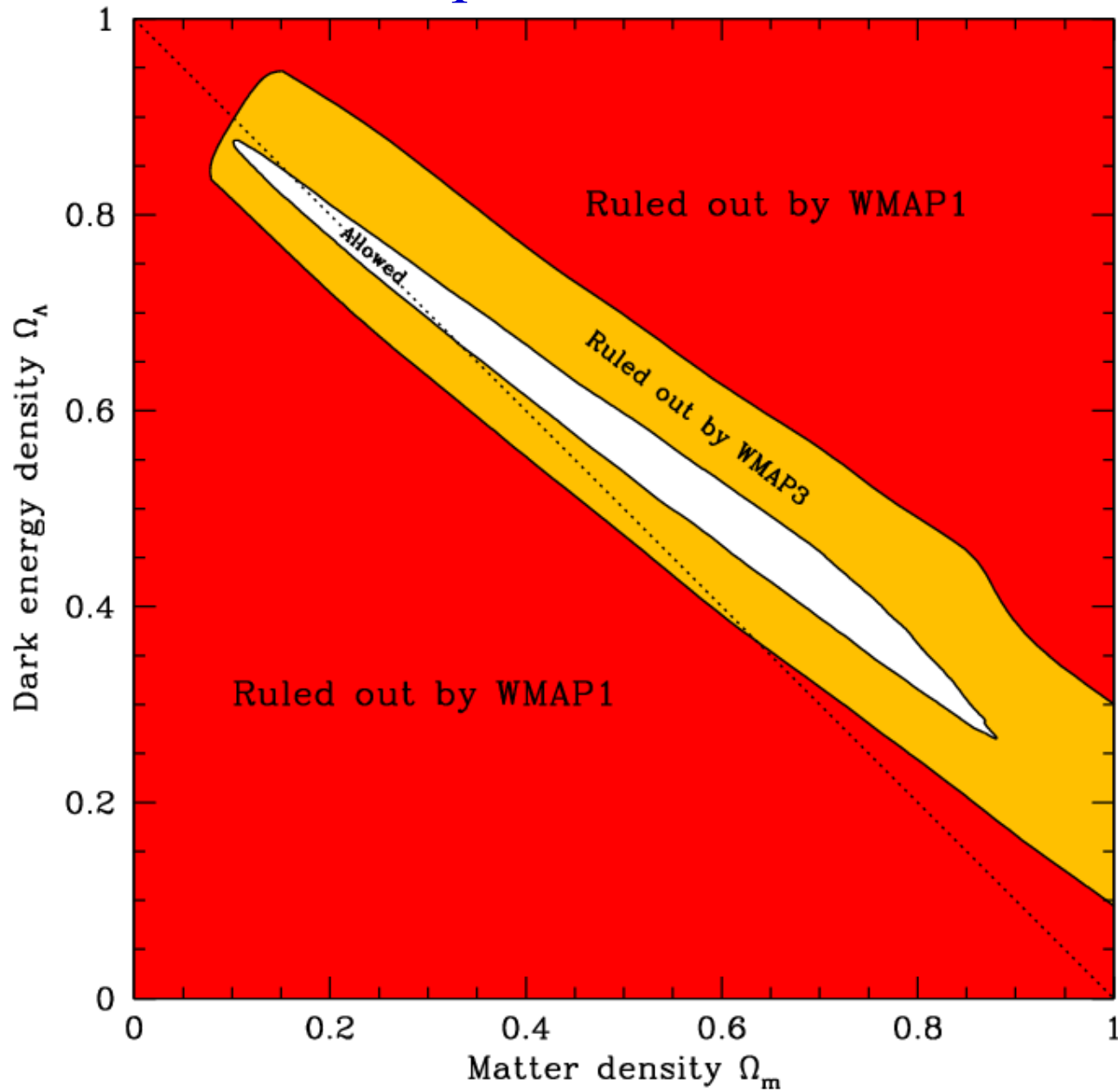
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How flat is space?



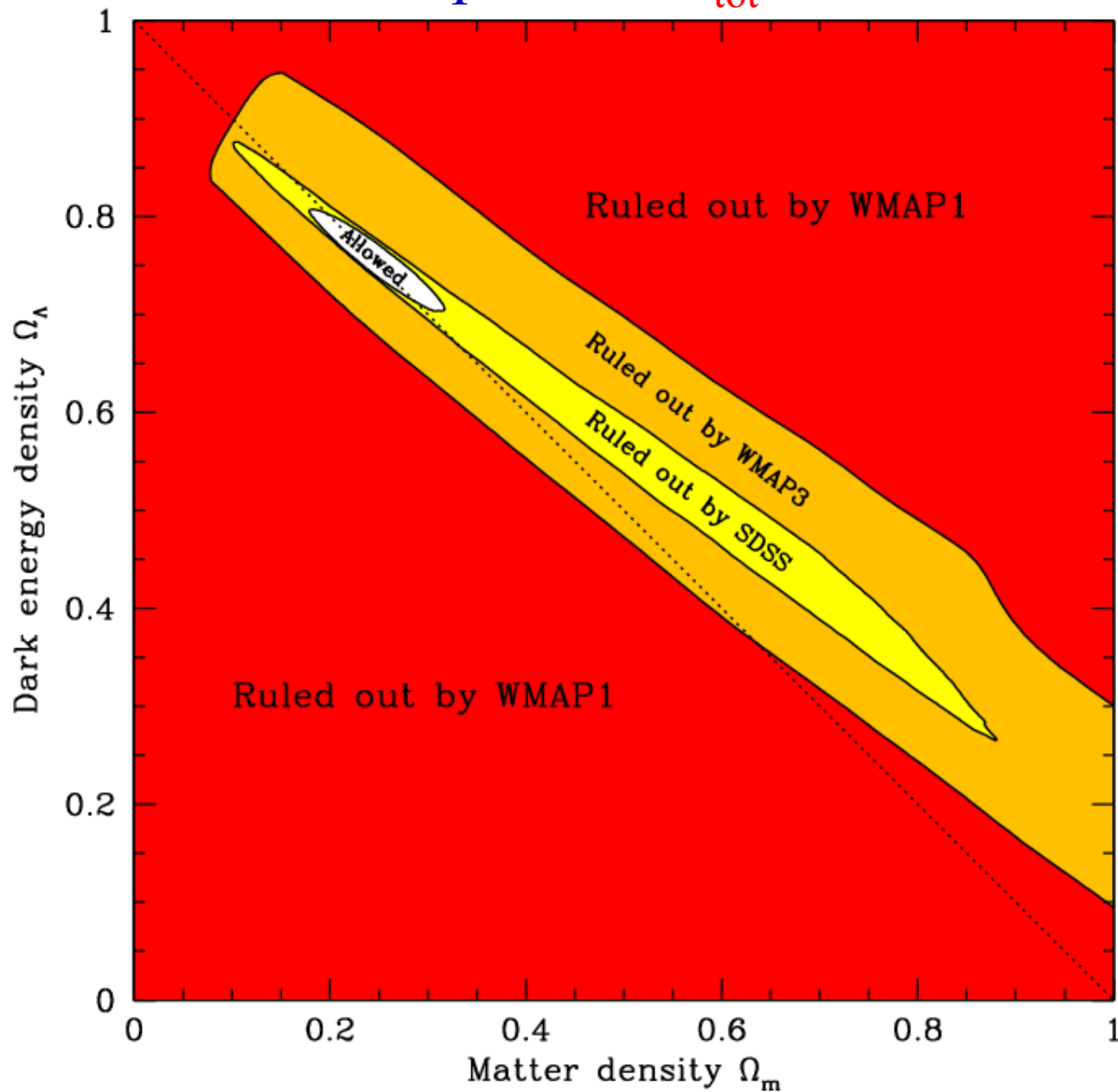
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How flat is space? Somewhat.



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How flat is space? $\Omega_{\text{tot}} = 1.003 \pm 0.010$



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